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THE DELIA TIMES

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An Independent Weekly Newspaper Published in the Interest of Delia and the Surrounding District

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Farmers' Store News

Fancy Flannelette, for the kiddies' pyjamas, etc. .... 35c yd.
White and Striped Flannelette .... 25c to 40c yd.
Pillow Tubing .... 40c to 60c yd.
Mercerized Mending Cotton .... 5c per ball
6 yds. Bloomer Elastic, with three fasteners 25c
Men's Fleece Lined Windbreakers, Zipp Front $2.50
Boys' Fleece Lined Windbreakers, Zipp Front $1.85
Men's Mole Windbreakers $4.50
Men's Drill Windbreakers $2.50



Shoot Dominion Shells!

THEY ARE THE BEST

Dominion Imperials and Canucks are Waterproof. We sell them.

Special.— 12-Ga. Double-barreled Hammerless Shotgun. Only one of these $20.00

Save express charges on your Stove and Furnace Repairs this winter. Give us your order NOW!—in time for freight shipment from factory. Be sure to state name and number of stove. WHY PAY DOUBLE?

Specials Friday, Saturday and Monday:

Coffee, per lb. 45c
Honey, 10-lb. tin $1.25
Peas, 7 tins $1.00
Clark's Tomato Soup, per tin 10c

Delia Farmers' Co-operative Association, Ltd.

Phone your Order to 39

150,000 Students Patronize Mail Courses Annually

If one reads the advertisements in the weeklies, and magazines published on both sides of the boundary, one is often times led to wonder if anyone ever takes up the many courses in learning offered by the various Correspondence Schools throughout Canada and the United States. A report has just come to hand which states that more than 200 subjects, through correspondence, are offered by 150 colleges and universities, and probably more than 150,000 annually avail themselves of taking lessons by post.

In support of these mail courses are three fundamental facts:—

1.—The student may advance as rapidly as time, ability and industry will warrant, and need not wait for others.

2.—As all lessons are written, the student has ample opportunity for practice in written expression.

3.—A much wider range of subjects is available to the student, than through classwork, outside of the institution as the latter necessitates finding a group of people who desire to study the same subjects at the same time.

In these "mail courses" assignments are clearly made and the difficulties carefully explained. The criticism by the instructor, after reading the papers, are usually very definite and helpful. Of the 149 institutions reporting correspondence courses, 111 report that they render such service to persons residing anywhere, the remainder are local to the province or state wherein the college is situated.

STONELAW NEWS

Mrs Ed. Trickel returned from Edmonton on Sept. 24, after being in the Royal Alexandra Hospital for six weeks suffering from heart complications, and is the guest of Mrs. Malary and Maud Knight, of Big Valley, for a few days. Mrs. Trickel is quite improved in health, Dr. J. O Baker of Edmonton, being her doctor.

Mrs. E J. Stoneham is quite ill. Mr. and Mrs. J. Durkin taking her to Stettler Hospital on Friday.

Dr. Mason, of Stettler, was called out to see Kathleen Slater last week. She has the stomach flu.

Mr. and Mrs. McCalister, and Miss McCalister motored to Fort Saskatchewan on Sept. 20th. Mrs. McCalister called at the Royal Alexandra Hospital to visit Mrs. Ed. Trickel.

LIBERTY

True liberty consists in the privilege of enjoying our own rights, not in the destruction of the rights of others.

—G. Pinkard.

Quarter of a Million Paid For Gutenberg Bible Sets Record

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—For a fee of $25,000 the Austrian Government has permitted the export of the Gutenberg Bible from that country to America. This Bible, which has been placed in the Congress Library at Washington, is the last item of the interesting and famous collection of Dr. Vollibehr, purchased by the United States for the sum of $250,000.

The bible is printed on vellum, and is one of the greatest monuments of 15th century typography. Only three perfect copies on vellum are known of the Guttenberg bible. One is in the National Library in London, England; one in Paris, and now one in Washington. The existence of the Vollibehr copy first became known to scholars when, in the eighteenth century, it was found in the possession of a Benedictine Abbey in the Black Forest. Following the French Revolution, the friars, fearing the danger of looting by the French army, which had crossed over the Rhine, moved it with other treasures to an Abbey in Switerland. This Abbey in turn became unsafe, and it was transferred to Upper Austria; from there it was moved to the Monastery of St. Paul, in Carinthia, Austria. In 1926 the Abbot of St. Paul, needing funds sold the bible to Dr. Vollibehr, who in turn sold it to the United States.

The original reports that the Austrian Government had not been aware of the transaction between Dr. Vollibehr and the States are denied, and they levied their export fee of $25,000 after the purchase price of $250,000 became known. This price incidentally is the highest price ever paid for a printed book. In 1926, in New York $125,000 was paid also for a Gutenberg bible, but in this instance it was a copy and on paper.

Notes from Sunbeam

There was a large attendance at the Rally Day service, and the special Rally Day program was well rendered. Those taking part may rightly feel proud of their success.

The regular monthly meeting of the Community Club was held at Mrs. Shaw's on the afternoon of Thursday, the 18th ult. Owing to threshing operations, the attendance was smaller than usual, but a profitable afternoon was spent by those present.

A number from around here took advantage of the Women's Institute Baby Clinic at Munson, on the 17th. Mrs. Fred. Holland was assisting nurse.

An exciting soft ball game was held on the school grounds on Friday, the 19th Sept., when the girls' team from Morrin played the Sunbeam team. The score was 10—7, in favor of the visitors.

Mr. William Dick motored to Calgary on Sunday. He has been successful in obtaining work there for a time. His son Alex has been employed there for a month past, and expects to remain for the winter.

Vistors to Calgary during the past week included Mr. David Sinclair and Mr. John Knapp.

Toy Golf Courses to Move Inside for Cold Season

OTTAWA, Sept. 27.—Unlike most novelties and innovations, the popularity of miniature golf is not on the wane. Instead the Department of Trade and Commerce, through the Assistant Trade Commissioner at Winnipeg, states that there are over 40 outdoor courses in Winnipeg at the present time, ranging from the inexpensive type on the corner lot to the "championship" course consisting of green fairways, extra hard hazards, and with wicker chairs and sunshades on the sidelines for the convenience of onlookers. Admission prices range from 25 cents to 50 cents.

In view of the fact that the summer season is quite short in this territory, several enterprising individuals are said to have decided to open indoor courses for the amusement of patrons during the winter. To date three stores situated in the heart of Winnipeg which have been vacant for some time have been taken over for this purpose. One of these, an abondoned department store, is to have three indoor courses, one on each floor, while the other two stores are to have one each.

Other prairie cities, including Regina, Saskatoon, Edmonton, also report that miniature golf is meeting with much favor.

Women's Missionary Society

The W M.S. of the United Church held its September meeting last Friday in the Church, and as it was twelve years ago since the society was first organized in Delia, it was fitting that the Hanna and Craigmyle W.M.S. were the guests. Mrs. Geo Dunfield and Mrs. Rodger Rose were charter members, and were among the guests.

The Delia W.M.S. is the oldest society in the Hanna Presbyterial.

The president, Mrs. E. M. Bigelow, presided. Mrs. Robt. Selkirk gave the scripture reading. Mrs. Barss and Mrs. Grant were appointed as a committee to make final arrangements for supplies to be sent to the outlying posts in the north.

Roll call was replied to by verses pertaining to the kingdom.

Mrs. Art. Rowe and Mrs. Robt. Selkirk are the Associate Helpers.

Mrs. Hamilton briefly outlined the work being done among the local young people along temperance lines.

Mrs. Steele, as director, put on a short play, Miss McIsaacs and the Misses Bigelow and Dunlop taking part. The play was much appreciated.

Mrs. Roberts favored the gathering with a vocal solo.

The Misses Walker, Grant and Dawson entertained with instrumental music.

There were 70 members and visitors present. Mrs. Hewson, Mrs. Sprouse, and Mrs. Barss served dainty refreshments.

An invitation was received from the Craigmyle W M.S. to meet with them Oct. 15. The invitation was accepted.

The Delia W M S will meet on Oct. 22 at the home of Mrs. Dunlop.

Springwater School Fair

On Saturday, Sept. 20, all roads led to Sentinel Hill, where a bigger and better than ever School Fair was held. The weather was ideal, and the large crowd was evident of the interest which is being taken in this annual event. There were 1,011 entries, and the exhibits were of good quality and neatly prepared. The livestock section showed keen competition, and some very fine animals were shown. There were 25 calves, 3 colts, and 16 pairs of pigs. The judges had a busy time in the poultry section, as no less than 88 crates of chickens, ducks and turkeys were on exhibition. An excellent display of flowers, vegetables, cooking and sewing, and schoolwork filled the various tables and walls of the school.

The judges were—Mr Prime and Mr. Cockran, of Hanna, schoolwork; Mr. Maylon, vegetables and poultry; Miss Scott, sewing; Miss Goodall, cooking; and Mr. McPhail, cattle.

While the judges were busy, an interesting program of sports were being carried on.

Seven prizes were awarded in each class. The first three are given below:—

Vegetables

CARROTS
1. Charlotte Sverdahl, Farrell Lake.
2. Lewis Ready, Farrell Lake.
3. Irene Danbrook, Starland.

BEETS
1. Ruth Sverdahl, Farrell Lake.
2. Charlotte Sverdahl, Farrell Lake.
3. Alice Morrison.

PARSNIPS
1. Billy Morrison, Sentinel Hill.
2. Lois Morrison, Sentinel Hill.
3. Bobby Sprouse, Knoll.

TURNIPS
1. Jessie Billings, Starland.
2. Albin Olsen, Farrell Lake.
3. Mable Olsen, Farrell Lake.

MANGLES
1. Billy Morrison, Sentinel Hill.
2. Malcolm Morrison, Starland.
3. Lois Morrison, Sentinel Hill.

SHELLED PEAS
1. Murray Mittlestead, Newport,
2. Norman Mittlestead, Newport.
3. Harry Morrison, Starland.

CABBAGE
1. Emma Hohneaker, Majestic.
2. Charlotte Sverdahl, Farrell Lake.
3. Reginald Merslack, Springwater.

POTATOES, WHITE
1. Harry Morrison, Starland.
2. Malcolm Morrison, Starland,
3. Leila Carter, Starland.

POTATOES, RED
1. Leila Carter, Starland.
2. Murray Mittlestead, Newport.
3. Norman Mittlestead, Newport.

ASTERS
1. Ruth Sverdahl, Farrell Lake.
2. Ruth Sverdahl, Farrell Lake.
3. Jean Carter, Starland.

SWEET PEAS
1. Annie Smith, Lloyd George
2. Christina Smith, Lloyd George
3. Malcolm Morrison, Starland

PETUNIA
1. Harry Morrison, Starland
2. Walter Dodds, Sentinel Hill
3. Ruth Sverdahl, Farrell Lake

Grains and Grasses

SHEAF OF WHEAT
1. Lewis Ready, Farrell Lake
2. Beatrice Young, Farrell Lake
3. Albert Schafer, Sentinel Hill

SHEAF OF OATS
1. Lewis Ready, Farrell Lake
2. Albert Schafer, Sentinel Hill

SHEAF OF SUNFLOWERS
1. Billy Morrison, Sentinel Hill
2. Alice Morrison, "
3. Murray Mittlestead, Newport

SHEAF OF CORN
1. Norman Mittlestead, Newport
2. Murray Mittlestead, "
3. Malcolm Morrison, Starland

THRESHED WHEAT
1. Lena Long, Starland
2. Frank Demott, Sentinel Hill
3. Mary Demott, "

THRESHED OATS
1. Mary Demott, Sentinel Hill
2. Frank Demost, "
3. Malcolm Morrison, Starland

6 COBS OF CORN
1. Norman Mittlestead, Newport
2. Murray Mittlestead, "
3. Malcolm Morrison, Starland

NOXIOUS WEEDS
1. Bill Newman, Sentinel Hill
2. Douglas Newman, "
3. Flora Calder, "

Livestock

GRADE BEEF HEIFER OR STEER
1. Frank Demott, Sentinel Hill
2. Margaret Lawrence, Springwater
3. Walter Dodds, Sentinel Hill

PURE-BRED BEEF HEIFER OR BULL
1. Eunice Simpson, Newport

GRADE DAIRY HEIFER, PAIL FED
1. Beth Hewson, Sentinel Hill
2. Ivan Long, Starland
3. Ross Lee, Sentinel Hill

PURE-BRED DAIRY HEIFER OR BULL
1. Lena Long, Starland
2. Jean Carter "
3. George Carter "

PAIR OF PIGS, BACON
1. Eunice Simpson, Newport
2. Roy Sloan "
3. Frank Demott, Sentinel Hill

FOAL
1. George Billings, Starland
2. Beth Hewson, Sentinel Hill
3. Margaret Lawrence, Springwater

Poultry

PEN OF CHICKENS, AMERICAN OR ENGLISH BREEDS
1. Henry Boldt, Newport
2. George Carter, Starland
3. Leila Carter "

PEN OF CHICKENS, MEDITERRANEAN BREEDS
1. Donald McPherson, Sentinel Hill
2. Bobby Sprouse, Knoll
3. Kenneth Sprouse "

COCKEREL, AMERICAN OR ENGLISH BREED
1. Jean Carter, Starland
2. Beth Hewson, Sentinel Hill
3. George Carter, Starland

COCKEREL, MEDITERRANEAN BREED
1. Donald McPherson, Sentinel Hill
2. George McKay, Majestic
3. Beth Hewson, Sentinel Hill

PULLET, AMERICAN OR ENGLISH BREED
1. Kenneth McPherson, Sentinel Hill
2. Norman Mittlestead, Newport
3. George Carter, Starland

PULLET, MEDITERRANEAN BREED
1. Donald McPherson, Sentinel Hill
2. Malcolm Morrison, Starland
3. George McKay, Majestic

GOBBLER
1. Kenneth Sprouse, Knoll
2. Bobby Sprouse "
3. Don Nicholsky, Springwater

HEN TURKEY
1. Bobby Sprouse, Knoll
2. Lois Long, Starland
3. Winnie Newman, Sentinel Hill

DUCKS
1. Melvin Sloan, Newport
2. Howard Sloan "
3. Harry Morrison, Starland

Household Economics

BIRD HOUSE
1. Winnie Newman, Sentinel Hill
2. Kenneth McPherson "
3. Billy Morrison "

ROPE HALTER
1. Bill Newman, Sentinel Hill
2. Donald McPherson "
3. Douglas Newman "

BRAN MUFFINS
1. Irene Hoover, Majestic
2. Orlean Hoover "
3. Mary Demott, Sentinel Hill

COTTAGE CHEESE
1. Margaret Lawrence, Springwater
2. Vivian Harrison, Starland
3. Winnie Newman, Sentinel Hill

CHOCOLATE FUDGE
1. Harry Morrison, Starland
2. Wilma Julson "
3. Donald McPherson, Sentinel Hill

DATE LOAF
1. Jean Herzog, Majestic
2. Lillian Danbrook, Starland
3. Douglas Newman, Sentinel Hill

BREAD
1. Annie Karandin, Springwater
2. Mary Karandin "
3. Howard Sloan, Newport

OATMEAL COOKIES
1. Katie McCullough, Starland
2. Lena Long "
3. Howard Sloan, Newport

APPLE PIE
1. Alice Morrison, Sentinel Hill
2. Howard Sloan, Newport
3. Lena Long, Starland

HEMMED TOWEL
1. Margaret Herzog, Majestic
2. Annie Smith, Lloyd George
3. Vivian Harrison, Starland

KNITTED SCARF
1. Vera Karandin, Springwater
2. Irene Skeet "

SLIP OVER APRON
1. Kathleen Rogers, Starland
2. Beth Hewson, Sentinel Hill

HEMSTITCHED TOWEL
(Eleven and twelve years)
1. Kathleen Rogers, Starland
2. Beth Hewson, Sentinel Hill
3. Dina Nickolsky, Springwater

HEMSTITCHED TOWEL
(Thirteen years and over)
1. Lena Long, Starland
2. Lois Long "
3. Annie Karandin, Springwater

GIRLS' BEDROOM SET
1. Lena Long, Starland
2. Flora Calder, Sentinel Hill
3. Lois Long, Starland

MITTENS
1. Flora Calder, Sentinel Hill
3. Rita MacLeod, Newport

(Remainder will be published next week)

M.F.L.W.I.

The Sept. meeting of the W.I. was held at the home of Mrs. F. Hall, with 15 members present. Miss McKay acted as secretary in the absence of the regular secretary. A donation of $5.00 was voted for the school fair; also $5 00 to help in paying the student minister's salary, of Long Lake United Church. Mrs. G. B. Limpert gave an excellent paper on the "League of Nations," which contained valuable information, and was much appreciated. She was given a hearty vote of thanks. We had as our guest of honor, Mrs. Walter McKay, of Delia, who has been a member of our W.I. for the past two years. After putting her thro' the 3rd degree, and giving her authority to be "Captain on their ship of Matrimony" (we hope Walter won't object), she was presented with a five-piece Pyrex kitchen set, with the good wishes of everyone present.

A splendid lunch was served by the hostesses, Mrs. Hall and Mrs. H. McLaren.

The October meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. F. Finley. Everybody welcome.

Sentinel Hill Items

The many friends of Mrs. H. Hoy are glad to know she is recovering from her recent illness.

Rev. G. Steele held the usual service in the school house on Sunday p.m., at 4 o'clock.

Mr. V. J. Simpson and Mr. W. Carter attended the special meeting in Hanna called by the Hanna Board of Trade to seek employment relief for this district.

Messrs. G. E. Hewson and E. L. Long are on a business trip to Calgary this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Mittlestead are being congratulated on the birth of a son, at the Drumheller Municipal Hospital.

Beth Hewson and Harry Morrison are the winners of the Olds' Scholarship in Springwater Schools' Fair Association. This scholarship is given to the girl and boy who receive the highest number of points for prizes in the association. Harry Morrison is a Starland school pupil, and Beth Hewson a Sentinel Hill school pupil.

Mrs R. A. McPherson spent last week-end visiting friends in Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Ross and family of Craigmyle, called upon Mr. and Mrs. R. A. MacPherson on Sunday.

Canadian Public Supports Aviation

A tribute of public support in the development of aeronautics is contained in the 1929 report of the civil aviation branch of the Dominion Department of National Defence, and in a large measure the report states the extreme development of the activity is due to this support. Cities and towns all over the Dominion are contributing materially by the construction of airports and airdromes.

The report reviews the progress of aviation since the war up to 1929, and points with some pride to the fact that in three years' operation of the mail service, not a single life has been lost. During the year it is shown that the activity of aviation is greater than in any previous year since the war. Forest protection and aerial survey work has gone ahead materially, and in greater degrees than ever before. Flying in the north has been extended, air mail service now spans more than half of the Dominion, with trunk lines in the East and daily services in the Prairie Provinces and the future of aviation is extremely bright.

The report contains considerable information relating to flying activities in Canada, a review of the work of the larger commercial companies and the work done by the Department in the civil aviation branch itself.

Card of Thanks

(Under this heading are charged 10c per line, six words to the line, prepaid.)

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Reeves, Jr., wish to thank their friends and neighbors for kind enquiries and beautiful flowers sent to Mrs. Reeves while a patient in the Craigmyle Hospital.

Sentinel Hill W.I.

The regular meeting of Sentinel Hill W.I was held at Sentinel Hill School on September 25th, with seventeen members and visitors present.

After the usual opening exercises, and the reading and approving of the minutes of previous meeting, business matters were dealt with. The W.I. quilt, which was drawn for last month, was won by Mrs. S. S. Demott. As patchwork quilts are very much in vogue, the members decided to make another one during the winter months. At the end of the business period reports were received from Convenors of Standing Committees. Mrs J. L. Newman gave a very full report of the Constituency Conference which was held at Munson on September 3rd, and which she attended as a delegate. An enjoyable feature of the meeting was a talk on "National Events", by Rev. G. A. Steele. As evidence of appreciation, a hearty vote of thanks was accorded Mr. Steele.

The session closed with community singing, after which delicious refreshments were served by the hostesses, Mrs. Harrison and Mrs. Craig.

The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. W. C Lee on October 23rd.

BABY'S PILLOW

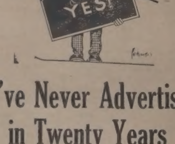
It should not be there! So say experts on Good Posture, who have been examining the round shoulders of the rising generation. Mothers may not be aware that a child with round shoulders has diminished chest capacity, and lessened strength in consequence. Mother explains this condition by telling of rapid growth, and forgets that it is really due to a bad habit of poor posturing.

There is no greater aid to good health than to acquire good posture. It has a mental as well as physical value, for a fine bearing helps a lad through life, both at school and in business.

Look at Billy when he comes out of his tub. Are his shoulder blades protruding when he stands sideways towards you? If so they are not quite right, and Billy must be given some good sitting up exercises every day. Let Billy's mother do them herself for a few minutes with the children in the morning. She must make time, for it is of the highest importance to have backbone, and shoulder blades just right.

Baby does not need any pillow in his cot, and his bedclothes must not press too tightly at the bottom. Let the feet move freely, and there's an excellent book of Good Posture offered free to parents by the Red Cross, 407 Civic Block, Edmonton. Send for your copy to-day.

The life of an imposter is a very monotonous one, says an ex-convict. It is just one sham thing after another.



"I've Never Advertised in Twenty Years

"Yes, I'll admit times are a bit slow with me, but I'm hoping for the turn of the tide."

Waiting for their ships to come in has spelled disaster for all too many Canadian merchants.

Don't think along the lines of the man above. ADVERTISE!

Advertising in "The Delia Times" will keep your name and store constantly before the people in this town. Advertising is a wonderful business-building force—and profitable to use. Come in and talk it over with us.

Progressive Merchants Advertise

You can buy Salada quality at three cups for a cent

"SALADA" TEA 765

'Fresh from the gardens'

Russia's Five-Year Plan

Under all normal conditions the people of Western Canada would display merely an academic interest in events transpiring and developments taking place in Russia, but for some time past, and to an ever-increasing extent, Russian policy has had a bearing and a definite effect upon the prosperity of this portion of the Dominion, in fact upon the whole business structure of Canada, as well as of other countries.

It is difficult to find out exactly what is taking place in Russia, as many reports are both confusing and contradictory, consequently it is not surprising that people in this country are still puzzled and uncertain in their minds whether Russia constitutes a real and permanent menace to Canada, not politically or in a military sense, but economically.

Certain things have, nevertheless, become fairly well established. For example, it is known that in October, 1928, Russia inaugurated what is known as the "Five-Year Plan" of national development which observers on the spot in Russia describe as "the most interesting economic experiment anywhere in the world."

On October 1, 1930, the second year of this experiment will come to a close. So substantial has been the progress made that now the slogan is: "The Five-Year Plan In Four Years." What is this "Five-Year Plan?" It was outlined by a Soviet Government agency over a year ago, and, in part, the plan—

"Provides for total capital investments in the five years beginning October 1, 1928, of $33,000,000,000, or about two and one-half times the actual investments in the preceding five years. A goodly share of this will go for the construction of industrial plants and for the purchase of foreign equipment and machinery. The foreign-trade programme calls for imports of about $3,200,000,000 during the period. Among the outstanding projects scheduled for construction, and in most instances completion, during the five-year period, are two tractor factories with an output of 40,000 units per year each, an automobile factory with an output of 100,000 cars per annum, a score of steel mills to produce over 5,000,000 tons of steel per year, many chemical, textile, machine-building, electro-technical, paper, glass, leather, and other factories, as well as a dozen or more large power plants, many mines, etc."

That was the "Plan," but, according to a Moscow correspondent of the Manchester Guardian, the "Five-Year Plan" in many instances is already surpassing the figures expected to be attained. He says: "The first version of the "Plan" called for the production of 22,000,000 tons of oil and 10,000,000 tons of cast-iron in 1933; now these figures have been revised upwards, respectively, to 38,000,000 and 17,000,000. During the current year 221 new industrial enterprises, built at a cost of approximately $425,000,000, have begun to function, and the list of unusually large factories which have been completed comparatively recently, includes a tractor plant, an agricultural machinery factory, a paper mill, a pipe factory, two oil refineries, several electrical stations."

The "Five-Year Plan" also included what practically amounts to the nationalization of agriculture, and the erection of these huge tractor and agricultural machinery factories, oil refineries, etc., are all a part of this new agricultural policy. The Manchester Guardian correspondent in Moscow, further notes that "in collective farming, 25 per cent. of the peasant households have already gone over to the co-operative method, although the "Plan" originally contemplated only 20 per cent. in 1933."

Russia is now dumping wheat, coal, lumber, into many European and other markets, further demoralizing the already badly demoralized world price for these commodities. The Russian Government is reported as having chartered a large number of vessels to convey wheat from Russia to England, Italy, and other countries, and that this wheat will be sold abroad regardless of price. The United States Government has charged that Russia has engaged in transactions on the Chicago grain markets to force down the price of wheat; the Canadian Government has secured power from Parliament to prohibit Russian imports into Canada; the League of Nations at Geneva, is discussing the effects of Russian policy on all other nations.

It is further alleged that under Soviet auspices this great "Five-Year Plan" is being carried out by poorly-paid labor, and much of it forced labor, even convict labor; that the standard of living has been definitely lowered; that food and even clothing supplies are sharply rationed, with the result that other countries, with higher standards of living and greater individual liberty of action, cannot begin to compete with Russia.

The Bolshevistic propaganda of Russia failed in its efforts to bring about world revolution, but its "Five-Year Plan" of economic development at home with a view to dumping huge quantities of goods and products of all kinds into world markets is, even before the "Plan" is one-half completed, having an adverse effect in all other countries, and further depressing already depressed business conditions throughout the world.

The farmers of Western Canada, who must depend for their success upon making profitable sales of their products in world markets, are among the chief sufferers.

Creating World-Wide Interest

Grain Exhibition and Conference Is Considered a Necessity

Expression from two widely separated points are indicative of the world-wide interest in the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference to be held at Regina, 1932. The writer of an article in the "Daily News," of Perth, Australia, says that "few yet realize the magnitude of the undertaking and the far-reaching influence it will exercise on the basic industry of agriculture, particularly upon the quantity and quality of grain produced the world over," while another writer in the "News Letter," of Belfast, Ireland, says: "It is generally recognized that the food problems of the world will grow as its population increases, hence the necessity for the conference."

Over a Hundred Varieties

A single tree with approximately 125 varieties of apples has been grown near Martinez, California, by George Upham. It took more than twelve years of experiments to obtain the phenomenon. Upham has been grafting branches to the original tree since 1918. In the spring the grafted limbs bud at different times with blossoms in dozens of shades.

Better to stop before you reach the railroad crossing than to "stop dead" trying to beat a train over it.

Necessity For Survey Control

Securing Reliable and Accurate Information About Northern Areas

The rapid advance of civilization and the progress of industry in the northern areas of Canada during the past few years have greatly increased the demand for survey control in order that these districts may be accurately mapped and information regarding the country made available to the different interests concerned in the development of the mineral and timber resources. Hence the growing use of the aeroplane in surveying by the Department of the Interior.

Preparing For Old Age

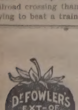
Small Part Of Earnings Should Always Be Set Aside For Eventualities

No pension machinery, however well planned, can protect the man who lacks self-control to devote a small part of his earnings consistently to the protection of himself and his dependents.

That statement from the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching, itself a pension agency, is particularly suggestive.—Kansas City Star.

Although the black bear reaches a weight of 300 pounds when full grown, it weighs but little over half a pound at birth.

Her Two Children Had Summer Complaint



Mrs. J. J. MacDonald, Glace Bay, N.S., writes:—"I am the mother of six children, and would not be without a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the house. My two youngest were very sick with summer complaint, and there was nothing I tried could equal that remedy, and I had tried most everything, but they could get no relief. 'Dr. Fowler's' made a change in both of them in less than two hours."

On the market for the past 85 years; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

British Capital For Alberta

Anglo-Western Oils Limited To Commence Development Work

Five million dollars of British capital, organized under the name of Anglo-Western Oils Limited, with a federal charter and headed by Sir Edward Manville, chairman of the Phoenix Oil and Transport Company, and of the Daimler Company, both of Great Britain, has been made available for Alberta oil development, according to an announcement made in Calgary recently.

The announcement was made by J. C. Dallas, managing director of Calmont Oils Limited. Mr. Dallas said the company had acquired 490,000 acres in Alberta and two wells would be sunk immediately in the Milk River area.

THE ANAEMIC GIRL

Who Has Lost Her Charm and Beauty

"She seems to be losing her looks." This remark is often heard about girls who were once noted for their sparkling eyes, their rosy cheeks and their vitality. The cause is not far to seek—they have become anaemic; that accounts for the pallor and the loss of charm. The anaemic girl, if she neglects her health, may be a sufferer all her life.

Take heed, you pale, anaemic girls. Plenty of fresh air, nourishing food and rest will help you, but what you need most is good blood. Those wretched headaches; that fickle appetite and those terrible heart palpitations can only be banished if the blood is rich, red and pure.

Good blood—the kind that brings good health is created by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The whole mission of these Pills is to build rich, red, health-giving blood. The Pills are sold by all dealers in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Sales Have Increased Rapidly

"Dry Ice" Is In Demand All Over the Country

The first pound of "dry ice" or solid carbon dioxide was sold for commercial refrigerating purposes in 1925, by the Dry Ice Corp., of America, and it is expected that "dry ice" sales for 1930 may reach 35,000 tons.

This material is being produced in 18 plants from coast to coast in the United States.

Gaseous carbon dioxide as generated from the evaporation of "dry ice" is of course cold, and by virtue of the low temperature of its origin, extremely dry.

High Educational Standard

Canadian School System Impresses Educationists

Visitors to Canada are invariably impressed with the country's educational system, particularly if they be men especially interested in the subject. It is greatly to be doubted if any nation on earth excels our own in the matter of schools of all kinds. Our educational system is thorough always, standards are high and our graduates emerge from schools and colleges with diplomas that have always placed their services in great demand across the line.—Border Cities Star.

Do not allow worms to sap the vitality of your children. If not attended to, worms may work irreparable harm to the constitution of the infant. The little sufferers cannot voice their ailment, but there are many signs by which mothers are made aware that a dose of Miller's Worm Powders is necessary. These powders act quickly and will expel worms from the system without any inconvenience to the child.

Canada Held As Example

Has Solved Problem Of Minorities Says Sir Robert Borden

Canada was held up before the Assembly of the League of Nations as a shining example to peoples who are striving to solve the vexing problem of the minorities.

Sir Robert Borden, former premier of the Dominion, told representatives of Germany, Poland and other nations, whose relations are being constantly disturbed because of the presence of foreign racial groups within their borders, that the problem could be solved, and solved justly and happily.

"Give to the minorities every constitutional and legal right beyond a shadow of doubt," Sir Robert said. "On the other hand impress upon them the necessity for their co-operation."

Britain's Youngest Aviator

Miss Winifred Jess Drinkwater of Paisley, Scotland, is Britain's youngest aviator, having just received her pilot's license at 17, the minimum age for a British pilot. In flying solo she handles her machine like an expert. S. Baldwin, secretary of the Scottish Flying School, says she will be a great flyer.

Traveller: "May I show you my samples, sir. If you remember, I executed your last order with promptitude and dispatch."

Important Person: "I gave you no order!"

Traveller: "Pardon, sir, you said 'Get out' and I got."

With proper conditions nobody should die until he is at least 125 years of age, says Dr. Robert Forgan, M.P. After that it is a matter for private arrangement.

Minard's Liniment has a hundred uses.

Real dyes give richest colors!

FOR every home use, Diamond Dyes are the finest you can buy. They contain the highest quality anilines that can be produced.

It's the anilines in Diamond Dyes that give such soft, bright, new colors to dresses, drapes, lingerie. Diamond Dyes are easy to use. They go on smoothly and evenly; do not spot or streak; never give things that re-dyed look. Just true, even, new colors that keep their depth and brilliance in spite of wear and washing. 15c packages. All drug stores.

Diamond Dyes

Highest Quality for 50 Years

Railway Centenary

A Century Ago When the Liverpool and Manchester Railway Was Opened

The centenary has just passed of what though not actually the first railway in the world, was the first successful commercial locomotive railway in the modern sense of the term. The Liverpool and Manchester Railway was opened on Sept. 15, 1830, the principal guest being the Duke of Wellington, and on this day the engine "Northumbria," driven by George Stephenson himself, covered a distance of 15 miles in about 25 minutes—"an incredible speed," as a contemporary writer remarked, "which burst upon the world with the effect of a new and unlooked for phenomenon."

Among the centenary celebrations was a very elaborate pageant which had a personnel of upwards of 5,000 men and women, together with camels, elephants, sledge-teams of dogs and specially constructed models of hundreds of types of vehicles, representative of all ages and countries and including rickshaws, palanquins, Roman chariots, stage-coaches and a host of other contrivances.

The pageant contained some lively episodes in the history of human evolution culminating in a reconstruction of the actual opening of the railway and a symbolic scene in which the eternal opposition to new developments, whether on behalf of vested interests or otherwise, is met and overcome by the forces of progress.

Canada Honors Her Scientists

Not Without Honor In Their Own Country Says Manchester Guardian

Canada's treatment of her scientists was lauded by the Manchester Guardian in a recent article on Dr. F. C. Banting, the young Toronto research worker who won fame for his discovery of insulin. The Guardian says: It can never be said of Canada that her prophets are without honor in their own country. The case of Dr. Banting, the discoverer of insulin, is typical, for the brilliant young scientist has already received at the hands of his people all the honor of personal approbation that they can bestow. From other countries too he has received the recognition which is his due, for he is probably the youngest man to win the Nobel Prize.

What the world owes to him can scarcely be computed, although when he first announced his discovery it was received throughout the world with a certain amount of credulity. The results obtained, however, soon placed the result beyond all doubt, and the Canadian Government took the unusual step of voting him a life policy to enable him to continue his medical research.

To have the children sound and healthy is the first care of a mother. They cannot be healthy if troubled with worms. Use Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

Bird Sanctuaries

Survey Being Made In Saskatchewan By Provincial Government

Bird sanctuaries in Saskatchewan are being surveyed at the instance of the Saskatchewan Government following complaints from farmers in territory adjacent thereto, that their weed eradication work was being rendered useless because the sanctuaries are infested with sow thistle.

Manitou Lake district, northwest of Unity, the Basin Lake, Middle Lake and Lake Lenore areas north of Humboldt, already have been inspected by officials of the field crops branch. A party representative of the field crops branch, the provincial game branch, the provincial department of natural resources, the federal department of agriculture and the Dominion parks commission, left to conduct a similar survey of the Last Mountain and Quill Lake sanctuaries.

Slow Waiter: "Have you ordered anything, sir?"

Disgusted Diner: "Well, I asked for strawberries and cream, but that was such a long time ago, you'd better change it to Christmas pudding."

CORNS

Stop Aching-Drop Off

USE

PUTNAM'S Corn Extractor

RECEIVES CONGRATULATIONS



Viscount Willingdon, Governor-General of Canada, who, on Sept. 12, at Rideau Hall, Ottawa, was recipient of many congratulatory messages upon his 64th birthday.

American Food Demands

More Sugar, Fruits, Fats and Milk Products Are Consumed

The average American of 1930 will consume 150 pounds more food this year than his predecessor of 1900, according to the American Research Foundation.

"More sugar, fruits, fats and oils, and milk products are being eaten by the people of United States," says the Foundation.

"The per capita consumption of sugar is esimated at about 105 pounds this year, compared with 61 pounds per capita in 1900. Fats and oils will average about 44 pounds per capita this year, compared with 34 pounds a generation ago.

"Milk products consumption has increased from 840 pounds to 1,040, and fresh fruits from 169 to 192 pounds per capita.

"Meat consumption has shown little variation, ranging from 142 to 145 pounds a year per person.

"Figuring the increases with the declines, the average per capita food consumption shows a gain of 150 pounds annually in the last 30 years.

"An increasing preference for energy and heat producing foods is evident in the modern American dietary. Sugar largely supplies energy, while fats are necessary in generating heat and power for the body.

"Meat, milk and cream, and dozens of other items on the daily menu have a high fat content. The exceptional value of fats is that, in addition to supplying energy, they aid digestion by enhancing the palatability of foods consumed in the average meal."

The Man With Asthma, almost longs for death to end his suffering. He sees ahead only years of endless torment with intervals of rest which are themselves fraught with never ceasing fear of renewed attacks. Let him turn to Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy and know what complete relief it can give. Let him but use it faithfully and he will find his asthma a thing of the past.

How Saskatoon Is Favored

Saskatchewan City Attracts Many Important Gatherings

Saskatoon has been a much visited city this summer. Recent visitors included the 150 British medicos, while on September 7th came the Sun Life special trains; on the 9th the Canadian Ticket Agents' Association and on September 12th the Dakota farmers—some of whom, it is pointed out, may decide to remain in the region. "Commissioner Joseph Holmes," says The Hub, "had to take special exercises to strengthen his right hand against the intensive period of welcoming the strangers within our gates."

Give the Devil His Due

An old Scottish woman, who had never been known to say an ill word about anybody, was one day taken to task by her husband. "Janet," he said impatiently, "I do believe ye'd say a guid word for the de'il himself." "Ah, weel," was the reply, "he may na be sae guid as he micht be, but he's a very industrious body."

Alberta Sugar Beets

Sugar beets weighing up to nearly eight pounds have been found in the Zubach field of 22 acres, a mile east of Taber. More than 400,000 beets were harvested from this plot, weighing altogether 422 tons or nearly 20 tons to the acre.

The consumption of rice in Siam amounts to 400 pounds per person annually.

Minard's Liniment aids tired feet.



When Food Sours

About two hours after eating many people suffer from sour stomachs. They call it indigestion. It means that the stomach nerves have been over-stimulated. There is excess acid. The way to correct it is with an alkali, which neutralizes many times its volume in acid.

The right way is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia—just a tasteless dose in water. It is pleasant, efficient and harmless. It has remained the standard with physicians in the 50 years since its invention.

It is the quick method. Results come almost instantly. It is the approved method. You will never use another when you know.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting excess acids. Each bottle contains full directions—any drugstore.

To Encourage Art

Governor-General Is Offering a Series Of Prizes For Competition

For the third year, His Excellency the Governor-General is offering a series of prizes with a view to furthering and encouraging the arts and letters in Canada. The prizes, which will total $1,000, are offered for competition in the realms of music, literature, painting and sculpture.

The competition which will conclude on February 15, 1931, is open, and the word "open" is interpreted to mean that professional teachers and professionals, as well as amateurs, are all eligible for competition on equal terms.

The prizes offered are as follows: Music, three prizes of $100 each; literature, four prizes of $75 each (two for English and two for French); painting, one prize of $200; sculpture, one prize of $200.

In the music class, a prize of $100 is offered for a composition for violin and pianoforte, a prize of $100 for an organ composition, and a prize of $100 for vocal solo setting, with pianoforte accompaniment, of a poem chosen by the committee.

Opening Of Banting Research Institute

Many Celebrities Of Medical World Attend Ceremony In Toronto

In the presence of many celebrities of the medical world, representatives of practically all the leading English-speaking universities and many prominent citizens in public and private life, Lord Moyniham, of Leeds, England, opened the Banting Research Institute, dedicated to the discovery of insulin by Dr. Frederick Grant Banting, formerly of London and Owen Sound.

The ceremony marked the first occasion in the history of medicine that the decade of a discovery has been universally recognized.

It was 10 years ago this autumn that Dr. Banting conceived the idea which has already saved thousands of lives, banished the dread of what had been one of the incurable scourges of mankind and placed the university of Toronto to the forefront of medical research work. The crowning glory came when he was awarded the Nobel Prize.

"I notice that customer you just attended to didn't buy anything, yet he seemed pleased," said the eagle-eyed floorwalker. "What did he want to see?"

"Me, at 8 o'clock tonight," replied the pretty clerk, blushing.

How a disease wipes out human beings who are not resistant to it, was shown when influenza was introduced into a Labrador community by 360 Eskimos, causing the death of 300.

Car Elaborately Equipped

Fittings In Limousine Of Jugo-Slavian King Very Complete

A Packard sedan limousine, recently delivered to King Alexandria, of Jugo-Slavia, is said to be one of the most elaborately equipped automobiles in Europe. The space under the glass partition separating the rear compartment from the driver's space is divided into a number of compartments. A large locker in the centre is fitted with a leather lunch kit, equipped with a complete silver and gold table service. In a double compartment at the right are thermos bottles for warm foods and a large toilet case. Thermos bottles for hot or cold liquids are fitted into a cabinet at the left of the centre locker, and in the top of this space are a first-aid kit and a large cigarette case. A built-in compartment for the King's sword extends across the top of the three compartments, and the lid, which protects the sword against dust, becomes a shelf when closed. Immediately in front of this is a tray to accommodate road maps.

Source Of the Thames

Seven Springs In Cotswold Hills Feed World's Most Famous River

How many people—even among the millions who live upon its banks—could say offhand where the source of the Thames was to be found? The fact that so few of us know anything about the beginnings of the world's most famous river is reflected in the statement, that, until recently the Thames had its source in a rubbish dump. Now the rubbish has been cleared away, and visitors to the source will find a little pool in a wood hollow, with, at one side, a stream gushing out. It is Seven Springs, the source of the Thames; but there is nothing to tell anyone that this is the case, and in the quiet Costwold Hills, where Seven Springs is situated, we are not thinking of London and London's River. However, a plan is now on foot to lay out the site in a worthy manner and to build a fountain through which the Seven Springs may flow.

A Good Definition

An inspector was examining a class of pupils.

"Tell me, children, what is wind?" he began.

There was silence for a moment, then a boy stood up.

"Please, sir, air in a hurry."

Through observations on eight different bodies in the solar system, scientists have obtained proof that the earth is ahead of schedule in its rotation, and hence is not quite reliable as a time-piece.

A famous boxer has a complete record of his fights. No doubt he keeps them in a scrap book.



Western Representatives:

HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

High Protein Content Of Western Wheat Is Revealed In Tests Just Completed

Canada's current wheat crop has a very high protein quality of grade and shows higher gluten content than yields of the past three years, it is revealed in tests just completed for the Canadian Grain Commission.

Result of the tests, conducted by F. J. Birchard, commission chemist, at Winnipeg, were reported yesterday to F. G. T. O'Hara, deputy minister of trade and commerce. Summing up, it may be stated the general baking quality of the present crop is fully equal, if not superior to that of any crop tested since inception of the commission laboratory in 1913, says the report.

"The quality of the protein (gluten) is excellent and the average amounts of 13.4 per cent. compares very favorably with that found in previous years," Mr. Birchard reports. "The average for 1929 was 15.3 per cent., for 1928 was 12.3 per cent. and for 1927 was 11.4 per cent.

"The high protein content of excellent quality, the unusual dryness of the wheat and the excellent baking quality of this year's crop should be of special interest, particularly to the millers of England, France and Germany, since the crops of these countries are reported to be suffering severely from the effect of excessive moisture with consequent damage to the quality of the grain.

"Over 60 per cent. of the crop received to date in Winnipeg this year, graded either No. 1 Hard or No. 1 Northern, 23 per cent. graded No. 2 Northern, and only three per cent. No. 3 Northern. Very little grain graded No. 3 Northern or lower is being received at the present time. Practically no tough or damp cars have been received.

"The weight per bushel of the different grades is practically the same as that of last year though the weight of the No. 3 Northern as received to date is lower.

"The comparative yield of flour from the different grades is about the same as last year with the exception of that from No. 3 Northern, which on account of the lower weight per bushel, is somewhat lower."

Practically all the wheat is sound and mature, bringing little difference between the baking quality of the grades. Samples from which the test were made were gathered from the three provinces of the prairies, and are characterized as fairly representative of the crop as received to date. Relatively little Alberta wheat was present in the samples tested, however, and character of Nos. 3 and 4 Northern may change somewhat as to weight and flour yield.

The report approves standards for Nos. 1 Hard, 1 and 2 Northern, but sets only tentative standards for Nos. 3 and 4 Northern and Nos. 4, 5 and 6 Special. This, it is stated, is due to the fact that it is considered probable that some frosted wheat from the northern districts may appear later.

The three special grades in the tentative standards, it is mentioned, are included to take care of a certain amount of sound wheat, but of low weight per bushel. Flour yield from these grades is greatly reduced, and the color is very yellow, but baking quality is otherwise excellent.

Buy Graded Beef

Blue Brand Grade Is Preferred By the Average Customer

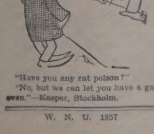
The Beef Grading Service of the Dominion Department of Agriculture is stimulating public interest in the buying of good beef and each week shows more conclusively that where quality counts beef is bought by grade. Buying beef by grade is the only way you can be sure of getting beef you will like. The grade "Choice" is always branded in red, and the grade "Good" in blue. Blue brand is the grade preferred by the average customer and is the grade in greatest supply.

Cork Airport May Be Base

German engineers have been surveying Cork airport for a site suitable for a contemplated base for a regular trans-Atlantic aerial service. The plan of the engineers is to institute weekly dirigible service between Cork and Lakehurst, N.Y., with Zeppelins capable of carrying 120 passengers and 10 tons of mail, in addition to the crew of 46. The cost of such a dirigible is estimated at about $1,-900,000.

He—"So you don't want to marry me, Doris?"

She—"That's different! You said something about being yours forever."



"Have you any rat poison?"

"No, but we can let you have a gas oven."—Kasper, Stockholm.

W. N. U. 1857

Everybody Must Help

Duty Of Canadian Citizens To Aid Workless Declares Senator George E. Foster

Every citizen in Canada has a duty to perform in the present campaign to relieve unemployment in this country, Hon. George Foster declared in the Senate. In their private capacities as householders, they could supply countless thousands of men and women with temporary and part-time employment. At their offices, and in their businesses, similar opportunities existed to do their part in solving the present distress conditions.

As an example of what he meant, Sir George said he had decided to have his home painted now rather than wait, as he would do in the usual course of events, for a year or more. It was not a large event in itself, but was an example to others and, if followed, would distribute thousands and thousands of dollars among men and women in Canada who were in need of employment.

Sir George spoke when the Senate was in committee dealing with the government bill to establish a fund of $20,000,000 for unemployment relief work. He believed leadership of this type was needed from the federal authorities, but he believed also there should be individual efforts on the part of the men and women of Canada.

Scientists Are Patient

Look For Result Of Recent Experiment Within 250 Years

Scientific patience is to be illustrated again by an experiment just begun by the Swiss Glacier Commission, in an attempt to determine the speed of glaciers. A steel cylinder has been placed in the ice at the head of a number of Swiss glaciers. Each cylinder contains an explanation of the experiment, written on special paper with special ink. It is not expected that the results will be known for eight generations to come, or about 250 years.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union Fashion

(By Eva A. Tingey)



FOR MANY FIGURES

All Tingey models are created and sketched in Paris and the patterns are made in New York.

A stunning sports dress this, and suitable for many figures. It is modish and chic for the normally built woman, and will also have a slendering effect for the heavier type. For the short girl it is snappy too, as its long line bodice cut, hip point and skirt panel all have length giving qualities.

Note the smart new vestee, too, which buttons out on top one side instead of tucking in as such affairs generally do.

Black wool georgette, silk marocain, or white spotted crepella with satin or marocain vestee will make a nice, dressier scheme for the heavier woman.

This pattern may be obtained in sizes 14 to 20 and 34 to 40. It is ready for immediate delivery. It is hand cut.

Send 25 cents (in stamps or coin) to Fashion Bureau. Write carefully and plainly your name and full address, the number of the pattern and the size you want.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No............ Size ....

....

Name ....

....

Town ....

For Better Poultry

Fifteen Thousand Saskatchewan Hens To Have Blood Test

Fifteen thousand hens will have their blood tested this fall by the veterinary department of the University of Saskatchewan.

Pullorum disease causes the loss of a considerable proportion of the baby chicks in the province each year. Next year it will be possible to secure hatching eggs from flocks free of the disease.

Working in co-operation with W. H. McLellan, provincial poultry promoter, the veterinary department will have two workers on full time making these blood tests for poultry owners. British Columbia has had flocks certified free of disease for some years. In some states of the United States it is illegal for hatcheries to use eggs other than from flocks certified free of this disease.

Hatcheries are not obliged to use disease-free eggs for export trade and much disease in the province has originated in eggs from American hatcheries, according to Dr. J. S. Fulton, director of the animal diseases laboratory at the University. When this disease gets into an incubator all of the eggs from the machine may be infected.

Demand For Canadian Apples

Several Thousand Boxes To Be Shipped To the Orient This Year

Until last year the Canadian-grown apple was an unknown delicacy in China. Some shipments were made to Hong Kong during the latter part of 1929, and the Chinese, like Oliver Twist, want more. This year it is expected that several thousand boxes of Canadian apples will go forward to the Orient, for the Canadian Trade Commissioner at Hong Kong advises that Chinese importers are now interested in the Canadian-grown fruit.

The high quality of Canadian apples has been demonstrated at the Imperial Fruit Show, held annually in the British Isles, where for several years Canadian exhibitors have been awarded the majority of the most coveted prizes. Year after year the judges have agreed that the McIntosh Red, an apple of ruddy complexion and incomparable flavour, is the best dessert apple in the world. This apple originated in Dundas County, Ontario, over a century ago.

This year's apple crop in Canada will, it is estimated, total about 3,-113,000 barrels.

Cost Of Crop Production

Potatoes Showed Greatest Profit In Experiment Conducted At Ottawa

Some interesting experiments concerning the cost of producing farm crops have been made by the Canadian Government Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. For example, it cost $30.62 to produce an acre of oats having a value of $33.08; the cost of producing hay in 1929 was found to be $19.60 an acre for hay valued at $34.06; ensilage corn cost $4.38 an acre more to produce than it was worth at current values—the cost per acre was $54.62 with an acreage crop value of $50.24. In the case of mangels, it cost $72.45 an acre to produce the crop and the yield of 17.81 tons per acre, valued at $1.91 a ton, was worth only $34.02; or, mangels showed a loss per acre of $28.43. Potatoes on the other hand proved a particularly profitable crop, showing a surplus of $97.94 per acre over cost of production; potatoes cost $80.99 per acre to produce and yielding 192.4 bushels, valued at 93 cents, showed an acreage value of $178.93.

Holding Doesn't Pay

Holding Eggs For a Rise In Price Considered To Be Bad Practice

The Poultry Division of the Dominion Department of Agriculture calls attention to the fact that it doesn't pay to hold eggs for a rise in the market. Past experience proves that holding eggs is a decidedly unwise practice and does only harm to the egg trade in general, particularly when eggs are held under any condition other than up-to-date cold storage. The old practice of country stores holding eggs for mixing with fresh stock on a favourable market has almost entirely disappeared and, in any event, grading shows the old eggs up at once. Consumers who pay the price for real fresh eggs expect to get what they buy. Eggs should be shipped promptly to market at all seasons of the year.

Divorce Easy In Russia

A two-hour glimpse of the workings of a Soviet divorce "court," as described by an eye witness, gives eloquent testimony to the complete breakdown of the sanctity of marriage under Bolshevik rule. Application to a girl in charge of the registry office is the only formality needed to secure the necessary certificate of marriage or divorce in the "court."

New Mining Regulations

Mining syndicates and individual prospectors are being advised that under the new mining regulations for Manitoba, since the taking over from the Federal Government of the natural resources, the assessment work requirement is now only 25 days instead of 40 days.

Heavy slabs of jade were used as tablets on which to carve writings in ancient China.

Pushing Wheat Sales

Every Effort Should Be Made To Increase Sale Of Wheat Abroad

Canada has "many more aggressive flour exporters" than aggressive exporters of grain, according to F. H. Palmer, Canadian trade commissioner at Oslo, Norway, in a communication to the Department of Trade and Commerce. He adds, however, that he had recently sent forward twelve trade inquiries for Canadian grain and eighteen inquiries for Canadian flour, and in none of these had any interest been displayed in Canada. The commissioner's letter is one of the answers received in Canada to the request of Hon. H. H. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce, that every effort be made to increase the sale of Canadian wheat abroad.

Recent orders of the Swedish government compelling Swedish flour mills to use 35 or 45 per cent. of Swedish wheat will probably work out to the advantage of Canada, as it will be necessary, in order to maintain a good baking standard, that high grade Canadian wheat be used for mixing with the domestic flour in preference to European and South American wheats, Mr. Palmer says. In Finland, rye bread was most commonly used, and what small quantity of wheat bread used had to be made from imported wheat.

The administration of the Canada Grain Act, especially with reference to the issuance of Canadian certificates, is everywhere acknowledged to be above suspicion.

A. B. Muddiman, Canadian government trade commissioner in Milan, Italy, reports that the sale of Canadian wheat in Italy since June has increased greatly. During the first week of August, over 1,356,666 bushels of grain from eastern Canadian ports was unloaded, and nearly a quarter million bushels from the port of Vancouver.

Advertising In Time Of Depression Pays

Firms Which Keep Themselves Before Public Get the Trade

Controller J. J. Allen, of Ottawa, in an address to the merchants and manufacturers exhibiting at the Central Canada Exhibition, gave the other day a piece of advice which is in every respect sound. He said:

"We are in the depression period of what appears to be an ever-recurring cycle of prosperity and depression, and the question is, 'What are we going to do about it?' Advertising is always good, but especially is that true under existing conditions; you must advertise even more than in good times."

The fact is that much of the so-called "depression" consists of public hesitancy to buy. There is no better way to overcome this hesitancy and to stimulate the buying instinct than to tell the public of values obtainable. That is just another way of saying that it pays to advertise in times of depression. At a time like the present, merchants and manufacturers are able to offer merchandise at very attractive prices. The concerns which bring these opportunities most forcefully and effectively before the public by means of advertising are the concerns which not only secure the trade which is "going," but also stimulate buying and create new trade and add to the general prosperity of the community.

A Longevity Record

Ayrshire Cow Has Made Money For Its Owner

A striking instance of the longevity and productive qualities of the Ayrshire breed is furnished by Violet, a member of the herd of S. P. Chaplin, Agassiz, B.C.

Bred and raised by William Mackie, formerly of Agassiz, Violet was born on July 11, 1912, and is thus over eighteen years old. Yet, despite her age, in her last lactation period she produced 11,453 lbs. of milk and 424 lbs. of butterfat in 365 days, this record being made on twice-a-day milking under ordinary farm conditions.

Guard Against Gases Forming In the Silo

Two Poisonous Gases Which May Occur In Any Silo

Before entering the silo the farmer or any one working for him should make sure that no deadly gases are present, is the admonition of silo experts of the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

At Herron, North Dakota, the other day the Neidhardt family, father and four children, had their lives snuffed out by what was reported to be Methane gas. The sheriff who attempted to recover the bodies was overcome and barely escaped with his life, after his son had made two attempts to get his father out of the silo.

Methane and carbon dioxide are the two poisonous gases which are likely to occur in any silo. They have their origin in the decomposition of organic matter. Methane CH_4 is an odorless, inflammable gas which occurs naturally as the product of the decomposition of organic matter, and is frequently met with in marshes and mines, being more familiarly known as marsh gas. Carbon Dioxide CO_2 is a heavy colorless irrespirable gas which extinguishes flame. It is produced by the action of acids on carbons, through fermentation, and by the decomposition of organic substances.

Both these gases may be present in the silo and owing to the fact that they are heavier than air as they accumulate, they force air away from the top of the silo.

As neither Methane or Carbon Dioxide will degenerate within a few days, it is always well before entering a silo during the filling season, to run the blower a few minutes to insure an adequate circulation of air. At other times, a lighted lantern should be lowered into the silo to insure that no gas is present. If Carbon Dioxide is present the flame will immediately go out.

There is just as much danger from poisonous gases in the silo as there is in an old well but the danger is one which may be easily guarded against and is overcome by an adequate supply of fresh air. As ensilage is fed from the top of the silo care should be taken to see that the doors are open to allow free ventilation. Fresh air should be supplied as directly to the top of ensilage as possible.

An Interesting Experiment

Honey Kept For Fifty-Eight Years Resembles Blackstrap Molasses

Fifty-eight years ago a hive of honey bees made some white clover honey that has been kept by the United States Department of Agriculture and tested at intervals throughout a half century or more. Once almost colorless, this honey now resembles blackstrap molasses. Its original flavor has changed until it now tastes considerably like buckwheat honey.

However, this honey would not be out of place on steaming hot cakes or waffles at this time, but for the fact the department plans to age it indefinitely or until it is no longer fit for consumption, testing it from time to time to note chemical changes. All kinds of honey darken after the first few years, and the flavor also changes.

A Big Business

Agricultural Wealth Of the Dominion Reaches Nearly Eight Billion

Few people appreciate the dollar value of agriculture in Canada, or realize that it is really a big business. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics estimates the agricultural wealth of the Dominion as for the year 1929, at the huge sum of $7,-978,633,000. This figure is made up out of the following estimated values: Lands, $3,361,061,000; buildings, $1,-382,684,000; implements and machinery, $665,172,000; livestock, $864,167,-000; poultry, $63,854,000; animals for fur farms, $19,477,000; and agricultural production, $1,667,218,000.

An old clipper ship at Sydney, Australia, has been converted into apartments.

A Cow With a Record



Belvedere Dekol Ruby—82632, of the herd owned by the Canadian Pacific Railway at Strathmore, Alberta, made the third highest mature record in Canada in 1929, being exceeded by one cow in the Strathmore herd and an outstanding cow in Saskatchewan. On June 14, 1929, she finished a record of 27,892 pounds of milk and then went out on the Show Circuit, taking first prize at Brandon and firsts at Vancouver, Victoria and New Westminster. What she did is seen by comparison with the milk record of average dairy cows in several of the Canadian provinces which produce less than 4,000 pounds of milk annually. In 1930 she took firsts at Brandon and Edmonton. In reproduction, too, Belvedere is outstanding, for her four-year-old heifer sold in Toronto last June for $1,525, five hundred dollars over the next highest priced animal and made a record of 28,422 lbs. of milk in 1930, exceeding the highest record made by a four-year-old in Canada in 1929 by more than two tons of milk.

Moist Heat As a Health Factor Should Be Considered In Heating Homes During Winter Months

A family's health and comfort during the winter months, in this or any climate, depend on proper heating more than any other single factor. Family physicians will confirm this. Knowing the essentials of healthful heat is therefore necessary if a householder is to act wisely on this important question.

A healthful summer atmosphere is made up of temperature, air motion and humidity. Temperature alone is not the major problem of home heating, however. The first requisite for healthful, artificial heat is that it provides sufficient humidity to meet the requirements of the body. This is recognized and cannot be ignored except at the expense of health and comfort. Hot dry air in homes may be directly blamed for the 30 per cent. increase in the mortality rate during the winter months. The importance of moisture in the air breathed cannot be stressed too heavily.

Moist heat as a health factor should be given first consideration when making a choice of the system to be installed in a home, for upon it will depend the health of the family. Medical authorities recommend that room temperature never exceed 70 degrees Fahrenheit. To remain in an atmosphere heated above this point lowers both vitality and resistance and weakens the body's ability to cope with the contrast between indoor and outdoor temperatures.

There are still other benefits from correct humidity besides the health of the family, and that is the economy in fuel bills. It costs more to raise the temperature from 70 to 75 degrees than from 60 to 70 degrees, and moist air at 70 degrees is far more comfortable than dry air at 75 degrees.

In the old days it was thought that the atmosphere in the home became vitiated of its oxygen as the air was breathed and charged with carbon dioxide exhaled from the lungs. Recent conclusive experiments disprove this. Occupation of the home assuredly decreases the amount of oxygen therein and increases the amount of carbon dioxide, but the results of this are so negligible that the differences can hardly be measured or detected.

In this country of cold winter climates there are three distinct types of heating equipment and each has its advantages and disadvantages. The stove, while crude in many respects, has many advantages over some types of apparatus. The most common types of equipment are the radiator—which may be either steam, hot water or vapor—and the register, which is used on many and varied kinds of warm air plants.

The operation of these different types of plants affect the occupant of the home. The radiator type heats the home by means of the air in each individual room passing over each individual radiator and picking up what heat it can as it passes over. When the fire is high, naturally the radiator is hottest and the air moves faster in the room, which causes the temperature to rise more quickly, and as the fire burns lower the air scarcely moves. These radiators and connections must be absolutely water and moisture tight or they will leak, and except for the vent on the steam radiator, there is no chance of any humidity unless supplied by pans or other devices attached to the radiator.

Neither is there any possibility of air circulation except by the action caused by the heated radiator, as mentioned. Somewhat the same action is obtained with the average type of warm air furnace, except that the body of the furnace over which the air passes, by being conducted through the return air pipes to the furnace casing, is much hotter than the radiator, and the air is expanded to a greater degree and purified by being intensely heated, and creates much more action than when passing over the radiator. It has been proven by medical men that a warm air furnace can be operated in contagious hospitals with scarcely any danger of distributing germs to adjacent rooms. This is due to the temperature of the air as it passes the hot furnace and the rapid circulation it attains. We all know from experience that running water will purify itself when in action, in a very short distance.

Railways and Aviation

Air Transportation Will Not Be Attempted By C.P.R. At Present Time Says President Beatty

While it is interesting itself in aviation and has acquired a minority interest in a new airways company to be incorporated to operate in Eastern and Western Canada, the Canadian Pacific Railway does not intend at this time to embark on joint rail and air transportation like that attempted in the United States, according to President E. W. Beatty, K.C., in an interview recently at the Pacific Coast.

When asked what his company intended to do in the development of aviation, he said: "Both the Canadian Pacific and Canadian National Railways have a minority interest in a new airways company proposed to be incorporated to acquire existing services in Eastern and Western Canada. The policy of the railway in respect of air services will, of course, depend upon the developments which take place, but primarily their interest will be in the utilization of air services in connection with the handling of mail and express and passenger service where that is feasible. I do not expect that the experiment tried in the United States of joint rail and air transportation services will be immediately copied in Canada, certainly not until its value is more definitely ascertained."

Crop Rotation

The Most Efficient Way In Which To Maintain the Fertility Of the Soil

The maintenance of soil fertility is absolutely essential to successful farming. Unless the soil is in a fertile condition it is impossible to produce large crops and large crops are a prerequisite to profitable farming, observe field husbandry experts of the Dominion Department of Agriculture. The adoption of a good system of crop rotation involves no additional expense and is the most effective way in which to maintain the fertility of the soil and thereby increase the yield of farm crops. In addition, crop rotations assist in the control of weeds, and help to keep in check insect pests and fungous diseases. The labour on the farm, too, is better distributed throughout the season when suitable acreages of various crops, planted and harvested at different times, are grown in rotation.

The railway carriage was crowded as the young man opened the door and asked in a sarcastic voice, "Is this Noah's Ark?"

"Yes," was the reply from a grumpy man in the corner. We're all here except the ass. Come in."

"Some men thirst after fame, some after love, and some after money."

"I know something that all thirst after."

"What's that?"

"Salted almonds."

Some Of World's Biggest

Patriotic Statisticians Have Proved France Has Her Share

"The biggest in the world" so often has been the raucous shout after achievements in the United States that the French have been rather annoyed. Yet, some of their inquiring minds of late have dug up world's records. When Dieudonne Coste and other French aces in past months brought back half the world's air records to France, patriotic statisticians added to those achievements these other "biggest" things:

The Eiffel Tower, highest structure in the world.

The biggest reinforced concrete bridge, at Saint-Pierre-du-Vauvray.

The biggest metal viaduct, at Viaur, in the Cevennes Mountains.

The fastest electric train, from Bordeaux to Bayonne, 123 miles at a shade under 66 miles an hour.

The biggest aviation hangars at Orly.

The biggest airport at Le Bourget.

The biggest underground canal on the Rhone just outside Marseilles.

The most powerful searchlight, that at Mount Valerien, just west of Paris, developing a billion candlepower and throwing a beam of light over a hundred miles.

The world's fastest warship, the cruiser "Tourville."

The biggest wireless station at Saint Assise.

Her Reason

The sick man was well again.

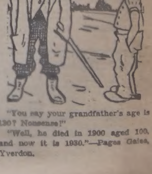
"Mary, I shall never forget it," he told his wife. "Your sweetness to me shall be like a golden corner in my memory. Why did you do it?"

He paused dramatically, hoping to hear a whispered confession that her love was the great motive. Instead she replied calmly: "Well, John, who wants a widow with four children?"

Dealer: "It's a genuine antique, sir."

Customer: "But you are asking a fearful price for it."

Dealer: "Well, sir, look how wages and the cost of materials have gone up!"



"You say your grandfather's age is 130? Nonsense!"

"Well, he died in 1900 aged 100, and now it is 1930."—Pages Gaies, Yverdon.

DO YOU SUFFER WITH HEADACHE?

So easy to get quick relief and prevent an attack in the future. Avoid bromides and dope. They relieve quickly but affect the heart and are very dangerous. They are depressing and only give temporary relief, the cause of the headache still remains within. The sane and harmless way. First correct the cause, sweeten the sour and acid stomach, relieve the intestines of the decayed and poisonous food matter, gently stimulate the liver, start the bile flowing and the bowels pass off the waste matter which causes your headache. Try Carter's Little Liver Pills. Druggists 25c red pkgs.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Canada has twelve factories for the manufacture of macaroni and the annual production has a value of about a million and a half dollars, according to the latest figures from Ottawa.

Premier James H. Scullin, of Australia, making his first appearance before the League of Nations Assembly, denounced armaments as a menace to peace and urged the League to call a general disarmament conference.

A cable received by the Child Welfare, Inc., New York, from its administrative committee in China, said 5,000 children are dying as a result of famine and that war and communism are adding difficulty to the situation.

The committee which will administer the War Veterans' Allowance Act, was appointed by the late Federal Government, and its personnel is now preparing for the operation and administration of the act.

The superannuation of E. R. Cameron, K.C., as registrar of the Supreme Court of Canada, was announced at the Prime Minister's office at Ottawa. He is succeeded by James F. Snelle, K.C., a lawyer of Ottawa.

Portage la Prairie, Man., known for its No. 1 hard wheat, has added new laurels to its brow. On the farm of J. Prout, one mile from the town, peanuts and almonds have been produced this season. He grew two sacks of peanuts and a few pailsful of almonds.

James C. Brady, former Conservative member of parliament for Skeena, B.C., has been appointed a census commissioner of the demography branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Mr. Brady will organize the census of institutions such as hospitals, asylums, penitentiaries, and house of refuge all over Canada.

New Market In Egypt

Trial Shipment Of Apples Being Made From Okanagan Valley

A new market for British Columbia apples in Egypt is being opened up by a trial shipment there, under arrangements completed by the provincial department of agriculture.

This shipment will consist of 2,000 cases from the Okanagan Valley at a price to net the growers a profit which would be small in a domestic market but satisfactory in an export market. The agricultural department believes that Egypt will offer a large market for British Columbia fruit in the future and is anxious to cultivate this business. A few apples from this country have found their way into Egypt before, but the market has never been built up in a big way.

Find Early Coins

Interesting Discovery In Wales Of Gold Coins Minted In 1340

Thirty golden nobles, in perfect condition and apparently fresh from the Mint where they were struck to celebrate the defeat of the French fleet by Edward III., at Suys, in 1340, were discovered recently on the edge of an ancient road leading from Taliesin, Cardiganshire, to the Dovey Estuary, where a ferry in olden days carried travellers across to North Wales.

The coins depict an English warship breasting the waves and surmounted by the English coat-of-arms and the King's head.

Practical Experience

"I believe," said the cheery philosopher, "that for every single thing you give away two come back to you."

"That's my experience," agreed Whifflebaum. "Last March I gave away my daughter and she and her husband came back in July."

The bicycle continues to be in demand in Canada. Last year bicycles to the value of $2,470,383 were made in the Dominion, a new high value and a 12 per cent. increase over the value of production in 1928.

PATENTS

A List Of "Wanted Inventions" and Full Information Sent Free On Request.

The RAMSAY Co. Dept. 167 273 BANK ST. OTTAWA, Ont.

"I NO LONGER SUFFER WITH TORPID LIVER INDIGESTION CONSTIPATION NERVOUSNESS HEADACHES" writes Mr. M. McArthur. Thousands say constipation, liver trouble, indigestion, gas and overnight with "Fruit-a-tives." Nerves quiet. Get "Fruit-a-tives" from druggist today.

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" ENDED ALL TROUBLE

Scenic Automobile Route

Endorse Lake Superior Route For Trans-Canada Highway Through Northern Ontario

At a meeting of representatives of the Port Arthur and Fort William city councils and chambers of commerce, held in Port Arthur, and addressed by John Lang and R. A. Gibson, delegates from Sault Ste. Marie, a resolution was adopted, approving of the Lake Superior route for the proposed trans-Canada highway through northern Ontario.

The meeting was unanimous and accepted the view that while the cost per mile of construction might be slightly higher, the aggregate cost, because of saving in distance, would be considerably less than for the proposed alternative routes further to the north, and felt also that it would open up a scenic route second to none on the continent.

It was further believed that with a time saving of one day over any other possible ruote for such tourists as would make the circuit, it would be a much greater attraction for visitors from the south.

In order to get action on the matter, the Fort William Chamber of Commerce some time ago adopted resolution, approving a compromise route which would touch Chapleau and Oba, considerably to the north and adding 145 miles to the 475 miles between Port Arthur and the Soo. Representatives present at the meeting said the Fort William Chamber of Commerce would almost certainly be willing to reconsider the matter and join Port Arthur and the Soo in urging the all-lake shore route.

Alberta Dairy Record

Last Year 95 Creameries Produced Sixteen Million Pounds Of Butter

The dairy record of the Province of Alberta is an encouraging one. In 1912 the province had only 53 creameries producing a little over 3,000,000 pounds of butter. Last year there were 95 creameries with an output of 16,000,000 pounds. In 1912 six cheese factories produced but 40,000 pounds of cheese, while last year ten factories produced over a million pounds.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union Fashion

(By Eva A. Tingey)



COLLEGE DAYS

All Tingey models are created and sketched in Paris and the patterns are made in New York.

Are you needing a cute little dress for return to class, or may be your first venture into the world of business? Here's a darling style, so fresh and chic!

'Neath the wee bolero jacket, the dress is held by simple shoulder straps.

One of the new season's closely woven jersey tweeds would be lovely for this model—the collar and cuffs are pique. Plain or spotted crepella could also be used or almost any dress weight woolen of the plain or tweed variety.

For afternoon wear, the model is charming developed in marocain, flamenga, or broadcloth, when naturally the collar and cuffs will be of finer type, perhaps lace or embroidery or contrasting silk or satin.

The belt is leather or suede.

This pattern may b eobtained in sizes 14 to 20 and 34 to 40. It is ready for immediate delivery. It is hand cut.

Send 25 cents (in stamps or coin) to Fashion Bureau. Write carefully and plainly your name and full address, the number of the pattern and the size you want.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No.............. Size ....

....

....

Name ....

Town ....

PROVIDING WORK FOR FARMERS



Thirty-five miles of projected right-of-way, connecting Vanguard and Mayronne, on the Lethbridge-Weyburn branch of the Canadian Pacific, is now under way. By opening up this work the railway company anticipated its construction programme by nearly two years, thereby providing work for many farmers and their draught horses in the drought-affected area.

Calendar Reform

Believes International Fixed Calendar Will Become Effective In 1933

Moses Cotsworth, the Canadian who has become internationally famous for his work in creating and advocating a reformed calendar, prophesies that the international fixed calendar will become effective in 1933. Mr. Cotsworth may be a bit optimistic, but among business men in different countries there has been a very pronounced acceptance of the new calendar which provides for 13 equal months during the year and for elimination of movable festival dates. Nineteen nations have at the invitation of the League of Nations, formed national committees on calendar reform and it is planned to hold an international conference on the subject in Geneva in 1931. The Canadian Manufacturers' Association, the Canadian Chamber of Commerce, the Trades and Labor Congress and a large number of other important bodies in Canada have given their approval tentatively or finally to the proposal and over a thousand business organizations in the United States have endorsed the project.

Calendar reform has a number of obstacles to overcome, some of them mere prejudices, but others tied up with religious belief. If business men could divorce themselves entirely from religious and other questions it is likely that they would be unanimous in favor of a new calendar, but it is not to be expected that men will always consider only economic motives.

Calendar reform has very much in its favor and it is highly desirable that the whole question should be thrashed out at an international conference. But even an international conference will be of little value without adequate propaganda efforts in the direction of educating public opinion. Fortunately through the generosity of George Eastman, the camera manufacturer and other wealthy individuals and organizations, ample funds have been made available for propaganda of an educational nature and many millions of people throughout the world have at least some understanding of what calendar reform is all about. — Financial Post

The Apple Business

Nearly Four Million Barrels Produced In Canadian Orchards Last Year

Records of the Dominion Fruit Branch show that the apple business of Canada last year amounted to 3,939,915 barrels produced in Canadian orchards. In addition to this 158,420 barrels of apples were imported, while 1,727,147 barrels were exported. The net consumption in Canada last year is placed at 2,371,188 barrels. Exports last year were 300,000 barrels ahead of 1921, and larger than any year since. The domestic market on the other hand took 600,000 barrels more in 1921 than it did last year, but this figure is still ahead of the ten year average.

Pure Bred Sire Areas

Twenty-eight rural municipalities in the Province of Saskatchewan have been established as pure-bred sire areas, which means that these areas have become entirely free of scrub sires.

"My wife used to play the piano a lot, but since the children came she doesn't have time."

"Children are a comfort, aren't they?"

In many parts of Africa there is a tree which bears large seeds resembling huge sausages.

Rheumatism?

Quick relief from rheumatic pains without harm:

BAYER

To relieve the worst rheumatic pain is a very simple matter. Aspirin will do it every time! It's something that you can always take. *Genuine Aspirin tablets are harmless.* Look for the Bayer Cross on each tablet.

ASPIRIN

TRADE MARK REG.

School For Flin Flon

Mining Town In Northern Manitoba Town To Have Public School

Efforts of the mining town of Flin Flon to have modern public school instruction this year have at last been successful, according to word received in The Pas. Equipment is now being installed in the class rooms, and it is expected that work will begin within ten days.

Financial plans are about complete. With grants from the province, the town, and with the aid of the Hudson Bay Mining and Smelting Co., grades up to eight will be taught this year.

It has been decided to engage Miss Doris M. Foster, of Winnipeg Beach, to teach the primary grades, and Miss Margaret Sutherland for grades three, four and five.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

BREAKFAST MUFFINS

- 2 cups special cake flour, sifted.
- 4 teaspoons baking powder.
- ½ teaspoon salt.
- 1 egg, well beaten.
- ¾ cup milk.
- 4 tablespoons butter or other shortening, melted.

Sift flour once, measure, add baking powder and salt, and sift again. Combine egg and milk and add to flour, beating until smooth. Add shortening. Bake in greased muffin pans in hot oven (400 degrees Fahrenheit) 25 minutes. Makes 10 muffins.

BAKED FISH

- 1 average helping filleted flounder, fresh haddock or whiting.
- 2 tablespoons butter.
- Salt and pepper.
- 1 lemon.

Grease a plate and lay the fish on it with the skin side upwards. Put in the oven five minutes and the skin can be easily removed. Melt butter in a flat pan, lay fish on it and place in hot oven 400 degrees Fahrenheit, eight to ten minutes. Baste twice while baking. Remove season and squeeze lemon juice over. Serve hot.

Tour To the Orient

Business Men To Sail On Chamber Of Commerce Tour To Japan and China

Several business men of Edmonton and Calgary have already signified their intention of joining the Canadian Chamber of Commerce tour to the Orient, which sails from Vancouver on the "Empress of Asia" on October 16th. The tour will include a visit to Japan and reception by the Japanese Government, and trips to Shanghai, Nanking, Hong Kong and Canton, and the members will be back before Christmas. The tour is not limited to members of Chambers of Commerce and Boards of Trade, but is open to the general public as well.

Strength Of Canadian Woods

A comparison of strength values of wood of sugar maple and yellow birch show that sugar maple is considerably the stronger in the green condition, whereas after seasoning, they are of approximately the same strength. This is revealed through publication of results of the physical and mechanical properties of Canadian woods by the Forest Products Laboratories of Canada, Department of the Interior.

Radio Dolls Amuse Berlin

Dancing radio dolls have become popular in Berlin, Germany, and whenever shown in store windows have attracted large crowds. A box of bakelite composition has attached to it a thin bakelite sheet, which is both the diaphragm of the speaker and the dancing floor, and is operated by a standard small magnetic speaker. The source of the motion of the dolls is the vibration of the diaphragm to the sound frequencies.

Calculating machines, similar to those used for tabulating census returns, are being used in the British nautical almanac office to compute daily positions of the moon until the year 2000.

"A row of uneven or irregular teeth," says a beauty expert, "can often be improved in appearance by your dentist." If necessary, of course, he is always prepared to drill them.

Wins First Prize For Layer Cake



Above is a photograph of Mrs. W. McKenzie, 9 Fernwood Park Ave., Toronto, to whom was awarded the first prize for layer cake, at the Canadian National Exhibition, Toronto. There were a large number of entries of cakes of various kinds and Mrs. McKenzie not only won first prize for iced layer cake, but also for muffins and small cakes. We give below the recipe used by Mrs. McKenzie for the prize-winning cake.

Golden Layer Cake:—⅓ cup butter; 1 cup sugar; yolks of 6 eggs; ½ cup milk; 1¾ cups flour; 4 teasppoonsful Magic Baking Powder; 1 teaspoonful of orange extract. Cream butter and sugar, add well beaten yolks and beat again with butter and sugar until very light. Sift flour and Magic Baking Powder together and add to first mixture alternately with milk. Beat lightly for about one minute, put into greased layer pans and bake. Temperature 400 degrees Farrenheit. Time about 20 minutes. Put together with lemon filling and ice with boiled frosting.

Lemon Filling:—1 lemon and rind; 1 cup cold water; 1 cup sugar; 1 egg; 1 tablespoonful flour. Beat lemon-rind and egg together. Stir in lemon juice and sugar. Dissolve flour in water. Cook in double boiler till it jellies and spread.

Boiled Frosting:—Dissolve a cup of granulated sugar in ¼ cup of hot water. Wash down the sugar from the sides of the pan, cover and let boil three or four minutes, uncover and let boil to a rather firm soft ball stage. Pour in a fine stream on the whites of 2 eggs, beaten dry, beating constantly meanwhile. A few Maraschina cherries chopped and added to the frosting gives a delicious and pleasing flavor.

Heard In the Smoker

Good Things To Know If They Happen To Be True

There were some odd pieces of information on divers topics given out in the course of half an hour on a recent trip on a transcontinental Pullman smoker. One gentleman volunteered the information that lions in the British West Indies will sit and watch a man for maybe fifteen minutes before making an attack, but a leopard or jaguar goes on the principle that time is short and so no second should be lost in attacking hunter or anybody else that comes along. Another gentleman contributed a recipe for relieving a dog of porcupine quills. "Just cut the quills with a pair of scissors," he said "and they will fall out of their own accord." He gave as the reason for this that the porcupine's quills are built on the vacuum principle, and lose their potency when air is allowed into them. This is a good thing to know if it is true.

Mistress: "My husband writes his engagements on his shirt cuffs. I hope you don't mind."

Laundry Maid: "Oh no, ma'am, I loves a bit of scandal."

Germany expects a moderate improvement in business this year.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

OCTOBER 5

ZACHARIAS AND ELISABETH — Life In a Pious Jewish Home

Golden Text: "And they were both righteous before God, walking in all the commandments and ordinances of the Lord, blameless."—Luke 1.6.

Lesson: Luke 1.5-80.

Devotional Reading: Psalm 122.

explanations and Comments

A Righteous Couple, verses 5, 6.—In the days of Herod, King of Judaea (Herod the Great, who reigned from 37 to 4 B.C.), there lived a priest named Zacharias, of the course, or group of Abijah. "David divided the priests into twenty-four courses, each of which in rotation was responsible for the temple services for a week. Each course, therefore, officiated twice a year, at an interval of six months. After the captivity only four courses returned, but these were subdivided into twenty-four courses under the old manner. The course of Abijah is said to officiated in April and October." The wife of Zacharias, who was a descendant of Aaron, was called Elisabeth. Their home was in the hill country south of Jerusalem. Both were righteous before God, strict Jews who observed the Mosaic law, kept all the commandments and ordinances. They were not faultless, but blameless according to the Old Testament standards.

The, Birth and Naming Of John verses 57-66.—When Elisabeth's son was born, all her neighbors and relations rejoiced with her. "There is nothing else in the world so important as children, nothing else so interesting." — David Starr Jordan). Those present at the circumcision of the child when he was eight days old, wished to name him Zacharias after his father, but Elisabeth said, "Not so; but he shall be called John." See verse 13. "John" means "the grace of God." "There is none of thy kindred that is called by this name," they said in astonishment, and turning to the father, they asked him what the name should be, making use of signs, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20. "Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." — Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to evade the conclusion that he was deaf: that men are very apt to treat a dumb person as if he were also deaf; that they communicated by signs instead of by speech to spare the feeling of Elisabeth, whose judgment was being appealed from; that a sign was all that was needed, Zacharias having heard all that was said."—Expositor's Greek Testament. Zacharias called for a writing tablet a tablet covered with wax, and upon it he wrote with a stylus, "His name is John."

Then Zacharias burst forth into speech, blessing God. The people were much impressed by his recovery of speech and by the unexpected name given the babe, and they perceived that some great future was before the child. "What, in view of these things, shall this child be?" they asked. "For the hand of the Lord was with him," the Evangelist comments.

Canned Chicken

New Business Is Likely To Develop Into Large Proportions

In his annual report recently published the Veterinary Director General of the Dominion Department of Agriculture calls attention to the increase in the number of poultry products processed under government inspection. The packing trade are canning more meats and poultry in Canada, and there appears to be room for considerable development in the field of canned chicken. Canned whole chicken made its appearance on the market last year and from the reception accorded it the new business is likely to develop into one of considerable proportions.

There is a Manchester sexton who believes in accuracy, as witness this entry: "Died—, male, aged three months; unmarried." Which leaves no possible doubt.

Mrs. M. Milner, aged 96, is still busy making cane seats at Wycombe, England.

HOW ONE WOMAN LOST 47 POUNDS OF FAT

"I have been taking Kruschen Salts for nearly 8 months. I have continued taking one teaspoonful in warm water every morning. I then weighed 217 pounds, was always bothered with pains in my back and lower part of abdomen and sides.

"Now I am glad to say I am a well woman, feel much stronger, years younger and my weight is 170 pounds. I do not only feel better but I look better, so all my friends say.

"I shall never be without Kruschen Salts, will never cease taking my daily dose and more than glad to highly recommend it for the great good that is in it."—Mrs. S. A. Solomon.

"P.S.—You may think I am exaggerating by writing such a long letter but truly I feel so indebted to you for putting out such wonderful salts that I cannot say enough."

Canada's Wheat Crop

Estimated That This Year's Crop Will Be About Eighty Million Bushels More Than Last Year

An official preliminary estimate places the wheat crop of Canada for 1930, at 384,769,000 bushels, of which 362,000,000 will be harvested in the three prairie provinces — Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta. This year's crop is about 80,000,000 bushels more than in 1929. The 1930 yield of oats in Canada will total 438,675,000 bushels, an increase of 155,836,000 bushels over 1929; barley, 137,594,000 bushels, about 35,000,000 more than last year, and rye, 23,767,000 bushels, an increase of over 10,500,000 bushels.

The average yield of wheat per acre for all wheat is given as 15.5 bushels for this year compared with 12.1 bushels in 1929; oats, 33.2 bushels; barley, 24.8 bushels; and rye, 16.3. Of this year's wheat production in the prairie provinces, Manitoba accounted for 44,000,000 bushels; Saskatchewan, 198,000,000, and Alberta, 120,000,000. The total area sown to wheat in Canada in 1930 was 24,583,300 acres, compared with 25,255,000 in 1929.

Dealing With Criminality

Honest Courts and Swift Justice Is the Remedy

In Canada, where political parties keep clear of any dealings with criminals and where honest courts mete out swift justice, the "racket" has not obtained a real foothold. But it is spreading so rapidly in the land to the south of us that it may at any time sweep across the border.

But Canada knows the cure. Quick justice backed by long prison terms punctuated with strong doses of the cat make the Dominion unfertile soil for gangs and rackets. And that is the kind of welcome Canada provides for gangsters and racketeers who may attempt to practise their nefarious calling in these Canadian parts. —Toronto Telegram.

In days of yore if anybody missed a stage coach he was contented to wait two or three days for the next one. Now he lets out a squawk if he misses one section of a revolving door.

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51 Wellington St. W. - - - - TORONTO, ONT.

Four Million Dollars For Direct Relief Set Aside As a Maximum Sum

Ottawa, Ont.—Four million dollars for "direct relief" is set aside as a maximum for this purpose under regulations officially announced respecting the $20,000,000 unemployment measure passed at the special session of Parliament. It is understood that the money will be available immediately to meet conditions in certain localities especially.

A sum not to exceed $4,000,000, it is stipulated, is to pay one-third of the expenditures of municipalities for direct relief where suitable work cannot be provided for the unemployed and one-half of direct relief in unorganized districts.

The Minister of Labor is empowered to enter into agreements with provinces for payment by such provincial governments of one-third of municipal expenditures for such direct relief.

Provision is also made for the Minister of Labor to enter into agreements with provinces for a 25 per cent. Dominion contribution, 25 per cent. provincial contribution, and 50 per cent. contribution from municipalities for construction of such public works and undertakings as may be necessary to provide suitable work in municipalities for the unemployed. A certain elasticity where municipalities are unable to bear the burden of a 50 per cent. contribution is provided for, in respect to varying the proportion of the cost to be borne by provincial and Dominion governments.

In the case of the carrying on by provincial governments of public works, improvements and other undertakings to assist in providing suitable work for the unemployed, agreements may be entered respecting the cost to be borne by the provincial and Dominion governments "in such proportions as may be agreed upon."

Payment of fair wages and provisions for an eight-hour day, stipulations that political affiliation should not interfere with the giving of jobs and a clause for preference to residents in the localities in which the works are being constructed are also contained in the regulation. The provincial governments are to furnish certificates to the Dominion authorities in respect to the expenditures.

The regulations announced by Hon. G. D. Robertson, Minister of Labor, were approved at a meeting of the cabinet.

Threshing Well Advanced

Report States That Little Damage Has Been Caused By Frost

Winnipeg, Man.—Unthreshed grain in northern areas of the prairies may be penalized on grade by wet weather on the heels of threshing interruptions due to high winds according to the 20th crop report of the Canadian Bank of Commerce. Threshing of wheat is virtually complete in Manitoba, three-quarter done in Saskatchewan and more than half finished in Alberta.

Almost entire absence of frost this fall, except in northern Alberta, is mentioned in the report, which states that practically no damage has resulted. Rain and snow fallen during the past few days, it is stated, will supply moisture needed to facilitate fall plowing.

Closed Season For Prairie Chicken

Manitoba Takes Steps To Preserve Game Birds

Winnipeg, Man.—Closed season for hunting of prairie chicken, partridge, grouse and similar birds in Manitoba was announced by Hon. D. G. McKenzie, Minister of Natural Resources. While these birds were on the increase in the province, the minister said practically every game warden had suggested that the season remain closed for at least another year.

At the same time, Mr. McKenzie said his department had arranged to import into Manitoba 100 pair of Hungarian partridge in each of the next three years. The birds will be brought here from Alberta for distribution.

Hunting For Eavesdropper

Bremen, Germany.—German police have been asked, with British and Dutch authorities, by the New York Police, to try to locate a secret short wave wireless receiving station or sets used for eavesdropping on trans-Atlantic service. Police charge that matter is reaching outsiders before deals on the New York stock can be effected.

Shows Large Profit

London, England.—The British post office will show a profit of well over nine million pounds, or $45,000,000 this year, Hon. H. B. Lees-Smith, Postmaster-General, states. The announcement is going to arouse the advocates of penny postage to fresh efforts.

Nov. 10 Thanksgiving Day

Ottawa, Ont. — Following cabinet meeting it was announced that Thanksgiving Day and Armistice Day this year will be on Monday, November 10. The usual proclamation declaring the date will appear in the next issue of the Canada Gazette.

Manitoba's First Welfare Conference

Important Conference To Be Held In Winnipeg Early This Month

Winnipeg, Man.—Much interest is now being taken throughout the Province in the first Manitoba Conference on Social Work that is to be held at the Marlborough Hotel, Winnipeg, on the 7th, 8th and 9th of October.

This is to be a conference where everyone interested in social work or any phase of it, and including social workers, church workers, teachers, nurses, municipal officials, school trustees and board members, and those who come in contact with the different human problems of their communities will be welcome, and their part in the discussions appreciated.

Much study has been given over the past nine months to the series of topics related to Manitoba problems that should occupy a place on the program, and to the securing of the most qualified persons to lead in their presentation and discussion. Over fifty men and women, all prominent in their various fields, have already accepted certain responsibilities for this purpose.

Two outstanding speakers, Dr. Bernard H. McGhie, of Orillia, possibly's Canada's foremost authority on the training of the feeble-minded child, and Dr. Henry L. McKay of Chicago, a noted student of the problem of the delinquent, are among those on the program.

The problems of the underprivileged or wayward child, the destitute or broken up family, the mental defective, the delinquent, in their various aspects, as well as such general topics as "Health" and "Unemployment" are all listed for discussion.

The financial burden placed on provincial and municipal funds, as well as the calls on the purse of the benevolent individual, are each year assuming greater proportions. There is, in addition, an ever-widening belief, and, in consequence, an increasing pressure on the public authorities, that for the general good more still has to be done in dealing with the problem of the mental defective. In difficult times, such as the one the country is now passing through, the question of family relief and the proper responsibility for its care is assuming a new importance.

All such questions are giving increased thought and anxiety to those interested in the welfare of their various communities, and emphasize the necessity for seeking an intelligent plan to deal with them.

The State of Minnesota, for over 30 years, has held annual conferences on its welfare work and every year has brought an increasing help to those engaged in social work. A representative attendance from all over the Province should give to this first Manitoba Conference on social work, decisions and results of the greatest benefit, and work out practical methods for dealing with some of the immediate difficulties.

To those desiring the detailed program of the conference, a request to the Secretary, 753 Wolseley Ave., Winnipeg, Manitoba, will secure it.

Deplores Alarmist Talk

Dr. Swanson Says There Is No Over Production Of Wheat

Quebec, Que.—All alarmist talk of world over-production of wheat was, in his opinion, wholly unwarranted, Dr. W. W. Swanson, of Saskatoon, head of the Department of Economics of the University of Saskatchewan, said, prior to sailing for London, England. Dr. Swanson is one of the wheat experts attending the London conference in an advisory capacity.

"Wheat is the world's basic food; there has never been any true surplus of food and there probably never will be," Dr. Swanson said. "There certainly is none at present, and a country such as Canada may safely regard its stores of wheat as the truest form of wealth, certain to be converted into money on a fair basis of price, despite temporary difficulties of marketing."

Air Mail Pilot and Two Passengers Killed

Wrecked 'Plane Found Near Beacon Light At Southesk, Alberta

Southesk, Alberta. — With the wreckage of burnt air mail 'plane CF-AIN strewn on the ground about him, the body of Pilot W. G. "Pat" Holden, of Calgary, and those of his two Calgary-bound passengers were found near the beacon light here. The passengers killed were C. McDonald, 920 16th Avenue, West, Calgary, and J. G. Gibson, 3028 Third Avenue, West, Calgary.

The discovery was made by Pilot Hollick-Kenyon, a fellow member of the Western Canada Airways. Pilot Holden was reported "missing" early in the morning in his Boeing machine after he had hopped off from Calgary to Moose Jaw with the mail.

Evolves White Tomato

Vancouver, B.C.—A returned soldier farmer at Chilliwack, after years of experimenting, has produced a white tomato. This most unusual variety is non-acid and has been cultivated especially for sufferers from diabetes.

SPIRITED REPLY TO CRITICISMS OF WHEAT POOL

Saskatoon, Sask.—The individual farmer in Saskatchewan is harder pressed financially today than he was in 1923, when the Wheat Pool was organized and depression was worldwide, in the opinion of H. S. Fry, of Regina, publicity director of the Saskatchewan Wheat Pool.

Commenting on the Winnipeg news despatch which said that reports had been circulated to various exchanges that the Pool was facing financial disaster, Mr. Fry said that was "only an exaggerated example of what has been going on particularly during the past three months."

Opponents of organized marketing on the part of farmers, he said, considered the present an opportune time to try to shake the faith of farmers in their marketing organization. The attempt would fail, he was convinced. The Pool was handling a larger percentage of the crop than last year.

Whatever happens, farmers will not go back to a system which the great majority of them have abandoned because of its failure to give due consideration to the producer as a primary factor.

The spreading of maliciously faked reports such as the one circulated recently the director termed "as traitorous to the national welfare and the welfare of agriculture in Western Canada, as it is well-timed psychologically."

"I can only repeat," said Mr. Fry, "what has already been said from so many official quarters, that there is absolutely no foundation whatever for this malicious story.

"This is a matter which, of course, directly affects the business of the central selling agency, but attacks such as this, made under cover and designed to misuse the power of the press, are not unheard of in our experience previously, and are aimed primarily at breaking down the morale of the membership of the provincial pools, on the basis of which the C.S.A. operates.

Many factors combined to create the farmers' serious financial condition, Mr. Fry believed, among these low prices, short crops, obligations to creditors accumulated during years of higher prices, and the general world-wide depression.

"This unusual combination of circumstances is being used to the utmost by those who would injure the Pools through any means short of direct libel," he said, "and the incident is only an aggravated example of what has been going on in a lesser way continually and in the last three months in particular.

"All these efforts to undermine organized marketing in this province are foredoomed to certain failure. Farmers may well be disappointed at the present low level of prices. Cash wheat has dropped nearly 50 cents on the Winnipeg market since the beginning of the present crop year.

Saving To Dairy Farmer

Cream Exporters Now Have Inspection Free Of Charge

Ottawa, Ontario.—As a measure of relief for dairy farmers producing milk and cream for export to the United States, Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture, has issued instructions to the veterinary inspection staff that beginning September 22, inspections required under the United States Federal Import Milk Act to permit of milk or cream being shipped into the United States, shall be made free of charge.

This means a saving to the dairy farmer of from $2 to $5 or more for the official inspection of his premises and herd.

Civil War Veteran Dies

South Bend, Ind.—The 21st Indiana Battery with its bright Civil War record today is only a memory. Its last surviving member, Charles A. Lawson, 89, was buried here recently.

NEW CABINET MINISTER



Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Immigration and Colonization, Ottawa, Canada.

For Relief Of Farmers

Alberta Government Taking Steps To Ameliorate Conditions

Calgary, Alberta. — Among plans being considered by the provincial government for the relief of Alberta farmers during the coming winter, Premier J. E. Brownlee announced here, were separate conferences between the cabinet ministers of the province and representatives of implement companies, mortgage and loan companies, automobile finance corporations and the Retail Merchants' Association, which have been arranged by Attorney-General Lymburn, to take place in Edmonton.

A meeting of the bank representatives with government officials was held a few days ago, and four of the cabinet members conferred with the livestock interests in the south.

"The farmer must be allowed his living this winter, and we are trying to get to the bottom of the situation and then decide what can be done. Among other things, it may be possible to bring in enough livestock to use up the surplus coarse grains and fodder crops this winter," the premier stated.

Plan Visit To Canada

King and Queen Of Siam Will Make Trip Next Year

Vancouver, B.C.—The King and Queen of Siam will visit Canada next year, the Vancouver offices of the Canadian Pacific Railway announced. Their Majesties will sail on the "Empress of Japan," probably from Hong Kong, and will arrive in Vancouver on April 19. They will return to the Orient on the "Empress of Japan," sailing from here on August 22.

The King has been suffering from a serious eye infection and he will obtain treatment while visiting in Canada and the United States.

The royal party will go directly East from Vancouver. But their itinerary has not been announced.

Relief Work Started

Unemployed Mine Workers Of Nova Scotia Will Receive Help

Halifax, N.S.—Distribution of relief to mine workers and their families in the various colliery districts of Nova Scotia affected by unemployment will be started immediately, the cost to be borne by the Federal and Provincial Governments and the municipalities in communities concerned. This statement was made by P. W. Morrison, president of the United Mine Workers, district 26, and mayor of Glace Bay, following a conference with Hon. Percy C. Black, acting premier of Nova Scotia.

Seeking Cause Of Depression

Geneva, Switzerland.—Susan Lawrence, Labor chairman and parliamentary secretary to the ministry of health in the MacDonald cabinet, in the name of the British Government urged the League of Nations assembly to institute a world-wide scientific inquiry into the fundamental causes of economic depression reported by virtually all countries on the globe.

BISHOP-ELECT GOES TO NEW DIOCESE



His Lordship J. Rodrigue Villeneuve, bishop-elect of Gravelbourg, Saskatchewan, accompanied by other high Roman Catholic dignitaries, passed through Winnipeg recently en route to Gravelbourg in the Canadian Pacific private car Montmorency. This photograph was taken upon their arrival at Winnipeg where they stayed a short time. From left to right: Bishop Guy, O.M.I., Archbishop Forbes, of Ottawa, Bishop J. Rodrigue Villeneuve and Bishop J. Prud'homme, of the diocese of Prince Albert-Saskatoon.

'Plane Makes Speedy Trip

Six Hours For Flight From Oklahoma To Winnipeg

Winnipeg, Man.—Nine hundred and thirty miles in 385 minutes—almost 2.5 miles a minute—that is the record made by Daniel J. Moran, president of the Continental Oil Company and four companions, including W. M. Harrison, managing editor of the Daily Oklahoma and former editor of the Winnipeg Tribune, in the fastest trip ever made by humans from Oklahoma City to Winnipeg.

Mr. Moran had a date in Winnipeg with Governor Sales of the Hudson's Bay Company, and he started from the southern city with a forty-mile wind trying to pound his tail all the way through. He left there in the morning and had lunch in Winnipeg and was smilingly shaking hands with Governor Sales nearly 1,000 miles from his starting point in the afternoon. He used his own tri-motored custom-built Ford monoplane.

Is Proving a Success

Canadian Cattle Exports To Britain Favorably Received

Ottawa, Ont.—"The resumption of Canada's export cattle trade to the Old Country has apparently got away to a good start," commented H. S. Arkell, Dominion livestock commissioner, following receipt of a report on the initial shipment of Canadian beef cattle to Manchester, England.

"Our cattle have evidently met a very satisfactory reception despite the fact they arrived on the market during one of the hottest spells of weather England has experienced in 20 years," Mr. Arkell said.

"Now that we have made such a good start, Canadian shippers should see to it that no inferior cattle are allowed to go overseas."

OUTCRY AGAINST THE DUMPING OF RUSSIAN WHEAT

London, England.—Wheat will play possibly a dominant part at the Imperial Conference discussions. The dumping of Russian wheat produced under conditions of semi-serfdom, has raised an outcry not only in rural England but across the agrarian states of Europe.

It has given the movement for wider Empire preference impetus such as no mere academic discussions could possibly have done.

Nevertheless there are strong doubts as to whether the present Labor government would be prepared to impose a duty on foreign wheat. The "Free Traders" and the "Free Fooders," such as Rt. Hon. Philip Snowden, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Rt. Hon. William Graham, president of the Board of Trade, are much at the economic helm at Downing Street.

The Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, Secretary of State for the Dominions, has a counter scheme which would accord preferences by way of bulk state purchases. But although Mr. Thomas has not yet divulged the details of his plan it is meeting strenuous criticism on the ground that it will increase the price of food.

The Daily Herald, Labor organ, dismisses the outcry against the dumping of Russian wheat as a political stunt.

In regard to the conference on Dominion legislation, whose report comes up for consideration at the Imperial Conference, the Manchester Guardian remarks that its findings, as a whole, will doubtless be adopted without much difficulty.

"The right of the British Government to disallow or reserve Dominion legislation has become purely theoretical and the recommendation that it should finally be abolished is not likely to be disputed," says the Guardian.

"It is well, however, to recognize that this means that minorities such as the Southern Loyalists in Ireland and the native groups actually within the Union of South Africa, can no longer, even in theory, look to Britain for protection."

"That Dominion legislation should have extra-territorial validity is also a necessary and desirable result of equality. Difficult questions arise, such as the uniformity of merchant shipping legislation within the Empire, but this will be of the greatest value.

"If a dominnion which now has no mercantile marine, asserts its desire to fly its own flag to the exclusion of one which marks it as a member of the British commonwealth, there will be no thunder from Whitehall to deny its right to do so."

The Guardian believes, however, that if the test actually came the practical convenience of flying a flag which the British navy would recognize and protect would likely weigh heavily against the pleasure of asserting undisputed independence.

Regarding the much-discussed abolition of dominion appeals to the judicial committee of the Privy Council, the Guardian remarks that those who are alarmed to hear talk of modifying the tribunal's functions may be comforted by the fact that the need for some final inter-imperial court is recognized even by those dominions which have taken the most pleasure in flouting the authority of the present one.

Russian Wheat Menace Not So Much In Volume As In Marketing Methods

See Trade Revival

Bankers Predict Permanent Improvement In Volume Of Business

Victoria, B.C.—"We have reached the bottom and are at the turn," Sir Robert Holt, president of the Royal Bank of Canada, said here recently in commenting on conditions in Canada.

"There is no stringency of money in the country," commented Sir Charles Gordon, president of the Bank of Montreal, another Canadian financier visiting here.

"The trade of the country has suffered a setback due in some measure to the low price of commodities, but there is a better feeling now," Sir Charles added.

"The revival is coming, but it will be gradual," he continued. There is plenty of money in the country for the business being done and we are always ready to advance loans for legitimate commercial enterprise."

This year's crop, which has been estimated at four hundred million bushels, is better than had been expected, Sir Charles commented.

"There should be a permanent improvement in the volume of business done by the manufacturers of the country," he said when questioned concerning the new tariff.

Price Of Glass Advances

Ottawa Government Will Make Thorough Investigation

Ottawa, Ont.—The price of glass had advanced since the new tariff, which sharply increased the duty on this commodity, went into effect according to advices received by the Department of National Revenue.

Officials of that department state that the companies which proposed to manufacture glass in this country undertook that the prices should not be increased because of the duty. However, no glass is yet being manufactured in Canada, and in the meantime it is claimed importers are shoving up the price. The department has the matter under consideration.

Expect Collapse Of Gandhi Movement

Indian Government Reports Revolt Is Nearing End

Simla, India.—The collapse of Mahatma Gandhi's civil disobedience movement was prophesied in the Indian government's weekly communique on the political situation in the country.

The communique said that the influence of propaganda of National Congress agents was "rapidly evaporating" and though still important in rural areas was destined to fail inevitably because of the deleterious economic consequences of the civil disobedience campaign.

Illicit Narcotics Traffic

League Of Nations Told That Canada Is One Of the Victims

Geneva, Switzerland.—Mrs. Mary Irene Parlby, of Alberta, told the social questions committee of the League of Nations that Canada is one of "the victims" of the illicit traffic in naroctics.

She said the situation was improving, however, owing to the arrest of many taking part in the traffic. Thorough control of narcotics entering Canada had also aided in decreasing the quantities illegally brought in.

Montreal.—The menace of Russian wheat lies not so much in its volume, as in the marketing method which the Soviet employs, said Hon. Robert Weir, Dominion Minister of Agriculture, here.

"The Russians appear to have developed a particularly sinister marketing system," the minister explained. "They take a quantity of wheat and dump it on the market all at once and give the impression of having an unlimited volume. That breaks the market and creates a panic amongst our growers. They think that there is no outlet for their wheat, whereas there is, of course, always an outlet."

The minister would not forecast how long the present Russian situation would overhang the market. He repeated, however, that it was not the volume but the marketing method of the Soviet which was sinister at the present time, and added that it would take but a relatively small change in the general situation to induce a substantial movement upon the part of Canadian wheat.

Hon. Mr. Weir outlined his hope of building up not only a substantial cattle trade with Britain, but also an interprovincial trade between Eastern and Western Canada in chopped feed for livestock. Both these trades, he believed, were capable of substantial development which would redound to the advantage not only of the western farmer, but also of the Eastern Canada dairyman.

New York.—The World today quoted Aaron Sapiro, on authority on commodities and marketing, as saying he believes the Russian Soviets are planning a billion bushel crop for the coming year, which they can produce at 50 cents a bushel at Black Sea ports, as compared with the American production cost of upward of 80 cents. A great part of this crop, he thinks, can be dumped on foreign markets.

He said he had reason to believe that Russia was figuring that the United States next spring would have a surplus of at least 200,000,000 bushels which, together with the huge Russian crop, would depress prices greatly.

The short sales in his opinion, were made to make money for the all-Russian textile syndicate, which expects the price to be down as a result of the huge Russian crop, and to be able to cover at a large profit.

Executions In Russia

Forty-Eight Revolutionists Are Shot For Destroying Food Reserves

Moscow, Russia.—All members of a secret counter-revolutionary society, numbering 48, who were found guilty of seeking to starve the population of the Soviet Union by destroying the food reserve of the country, were shot recently by the Ogpu, as "unreconcilable enemies of the Soviet Government and active counter-revolutionists."

Professor Alexander Ryazantzey and Eugene Karatyguin headed the list of executed governmental officials.

Elected On First Ballot

Geneva, Switzerland. — Sir Cecil Hurst, Great Britain, Frank P. Kellogg, United States, and 12 others were elected on the first ballot to the bench of the World Court by the assembly and the Council of the League of Nations. The other 12 were representatives of Cuba, Salvador, Japan, Spain, Italy, France, Rumania, Belgium, Poland, Germany and China. A 13th seat is being decided on late ballots.

Government Will Keep A Careful Check On Wiles Of Importers

Ottawa, Ont.—Careful checks on the transactions made by Canadian importers under the section of the new tariff which permits bona fide contracts for goods to escape the higher duties until Nov. 30, will be made by the Department of National Revenue, it was announced by Hon. E. B. Ryckman, the minister in charge. Under regulations issued recently, the department will demand from the importer a copy of the original purchase order attested to by affidavit and, in addition, proof of acceptance prior to September 16 last, of the order of the exporter.

The new tariff bill was amended in parliament by Premier R. B. Bennett so as to permit importers to bring into the country under the old rates until November 30, goods which had been on order prior to September 16. The new regulations will attempt to prevent fraud in this connection. Heavy penalties have been set forth for infringements of the new regulations which include seizure and forfeiture of the goods or a fine equal to the value of the goods and further prosecution in the courts.

The regulations are aimed at unscrupulous importers falsifying dates of purchase and antedating orders, Mr. Ryckman said when announcing the rulings. Fear that the full benefit of the recent tariff changes might be lost through such action had been expressed to him by Canadian producers. The view had been placed before him, he added, that such a large quantity of goods might be brought into the country that Canadian production might be hampered, thus defeating the goal of the tariff changes—that of relieving unemployment in this country.

The regulations, prescribing proof of bona fide purchase by contract prior to September 16, require the following: Copy of original purchasing order attested to by affidavit of importer and acceptance thereof by the exporter prior to September 16. It was stated further: "No purchase order will be accepted as bona fide which does not specify definite quantity or quantities with definite price or prices and provide for delivery in Canada on or before November 30, 1930."

W. N. U. 1857

Radio Telephone Links

London Will Be Hub Of World Phone Service

"Hello, Central, this is London speaking. Will you please connect me with Bombay?"

Two more radio telephone links from London are expected to come into operation shortly, and taking into account efforts by Germany to get into telephonic touch with the Far East, this will mean that the whole world will have been joined up by voice links, with London as the hub of the service.

Work on an extension from Australia to New Zealand has been commenced, and if successful 180,000 telephones will be brought into the international circuit. Arrangements for a service to India are still being negotiated, but once these are made, it is anticipated that the installation of a special transmitter in India will not take more than three or four months.

In the first place, the service will probably be only to Bombay, but extensions will quickly follow to the United Provinces and the Valley of the Ganges, from Calcutta to the Northwest Frontier. Madras and eventually Burma will no doubt be brought in.

Another country which may be brought into the international circuit at any time is Egypt. Only the word of the Egyptian government is needed. From Egypt there would probably be extensions to Palestine and Transjordania.

Meanwhile the Telefunken Company of Germany is experimenting with a radio telephone link with Tokio, and, if this can be established, arrangements will immediately be made to "switch in" London. The Telefunken Company is also about to install a service to Nankin and the remainder of China.

The virtual completion of an international telephone service is thus only a matter of months. South Africa will, of course, be brought into the system, though experiments have not yet commenced.

The total number of telephones in the world recorded in the last returns was 32,614,000, and there are now probably 34,000,000, of which over 90 per cent. are connected with one another.

Why Mainspring Breaks

Sudden Change In Weather Affects Highly Tempered Steel

If the mainspring of a watch breaks during a cool spell following a period of torrid temperature, it may be laid to the sudden change in the thermometer. While no scientific explanation has been made for the phenomenon, conclusive proof is attested by the amount of repair work received by watchmakers following such a period. These facts were revealed by R. E. Gould, chief of the time section of the U.S. Bureau of Standards, who says that tests made in the laboratories have frequently broken springs. It sometimes happens after thunderstorms. On one occasion, Mr. Gould reveals, a watch spring exploded in a great many pieces. "The worst part of it is," he says, "there is no explanation for the phenomenon, although it is probable that it is brought about by the humidity conditions." The quality of the watch seems to make little difference, frequently more expensive timepieces being more subject to breaking due to the high tempering of the steel.

May Keep Jellicoe's Flagship

Strong expectations are held that the "Iron Duke," Lord Jellicoe's famous flagship, will not be scrapped but will be dismantled and turned into a boys' training ship in the near future. She will probably be stationed at Portsmouth, where in future years she will probably share with Nelson's "Victory" the place of honor among Britain's naval treasures.

Unsinkable Boat Tested

Tests of the new unsinkable boat over Lake Constance, Germany, are declared to have been successful. The boat resembles a cross between a dirigible and a submarine. It is divided into six water-tight compartments, with a water-tight cabin on top of them. A weight below helps to maintain stability.

In the last 16 years Norway's national wealth has increased 89 per cent.

The most intelligent dogs are hybrids.



"The children who annoy me least in the theatre are those that cry."

"Surely not?"

"Yes, because they are always taken out."—Gutierrez, Madrid.

W. N. U. 1857

A Trans-Canada Airway

Prediction Made By Controller Of Civil Aviation, Ottawa

Hope that before many years have passed Canada will have a transcontinental airway that is second to none, was expressed by J. A. Wilson, Controller of Civil Aviation, Ottawa.

While air routes have been established in the east and in the west, said Mr. Wilson, there is still work to be done between here and Winnipeg. "We have the separate links," he said, "but we will not have the full benefit until the chain is completed."

Already there are 900 miles of lighted airways in Canada, stated Mr. Wilson, for night flying, and 300 more miles are being added this year.

Reviewing flying conditions in Canada, Mr. Wilson paid tribute to the pilots, who practically unknown to the public, are making outstanding contributions to national development in flying in the north country. "I hope," he said, "that a new Kipling will arise and write the story as it should be told."

Canada, he noted, has not been gaining fame for breaking world's records in aviation, or for spectacular flights. "In fact," he said, "our fellows are also breaking records, but you don't hear anything about them because it is done in the ordinary course of the day's work."

Referring to the air mail service, Mr. Wilson stated that mail taken from the boats at Rimouski, is placed in Chicago before the boat docks in Quebec, "and," he said, "There is no reason why we should not take the mail off further down and save another day. This is perfectly practicable.

Objects To Red Barns

Wisconsin Man Shares Cost Of Painting Them Other Colors

Farmers in the country around Janesville, Wisconsin, must have been pleased when their rich neighbor, Mr. George S. Parker, called with an offer to aid in painting their barns and other outbuildings. He wanted the general appearance of the countryside improved, and proved his desire by proposing to give part of the cost of painting to all farmers who would join in the beautifying movement. To those who painted their barns any color other than red, he offered a larger proportion of the cost than to the others.

It was not long before the landscape was dotted with white barns. Cream or white seemed to be the only other color suggesting itself to the farmers as a possible substitute for the familiar red, but as soon as a half dozen barns had turned pale, there was a protest from another resident of the locality. Mr. F. L. Wright, an architect, spoke up for red. He said there ought to be a law requiring red for barns, and he wrote an article on the subject for a local paper, declaring that "a farmstead is warmed and given life by the red of the barns as they stand over the hills and yellow fields."

If the strongest feeling in the community now supports Mr. Parker, it is not strange, for red barns lack the financial support of white ones. The two leaders are not really bitter about it as yet, but Mr. Parker has sent for a noted designer to give an opinion, and insists that red barns are "a curse on Wisconsin's landscape."—New York Times.

The Honey Crop

Shows Substantial Increase Both In Volume and Value

Honey production in Canada, despite a lowering price average, shows a big increase in both volume and value. Much of this increase has been due to the help provided apiarists through the research work of the Bee Division of the Dominion Department of Agriculture. In 1927 the nine provinces produced a total of 23,196,493 pounds of honey, which, selling at an average price of thirteen cents a pound, was worth $3,936,558. In 1929 the production amounted to 30,978,785 pounds. This sold at an average price of eleven cents a pound, giving a crop value of $3,402,837. Ontario is the largest single producer of honey, the 1929 crop amounting to 1,000,000 pounds, while Prince Edward Island produced only 14,050 pounds.

A Strange Diet

When tea was first introduced into England, the people were sometimes puzzled as to the preparation of it. As an instance it is recorded that a lady of Penrith, having been sent a pound of tea, and not knowing how to use it, boiled the whole up in a bottle. She then sat down with some friends to eat the leaves with butter and salt. They wondered afterwards how such a diet could appeal to anyone.

A Puzzle To Doctors

A girl who cries at jokes and laughs in time of trouble has been puzzling the doctors of Bordeaux, France. They believe that she has inverted muscles which, the medical men say, they cannot cure. Apart from this peculiarity she is normal. But when her face is tear-stained her eyes register amusement, and when she smiles they reveal unhappiness.

Doctor—I will give you a local anesthetic if you think it necessary.

Railroad Man—Well, doc, if it's going to hurt I reckon you had better cut out the local and run me through on a sleeper.

London's Technical Schools Are Efficient

Tuition In Every Known Subject Can Be Given

London is rapidly becoming the best educational centre in Europe. Tuition in every subject can be obtained in its well-equipped technical and trade schools.

The London County Council has just appointed a visiting instructor to teach the theory and practice of manicure and face massage to hairdressing students.

"You cannot name any subject we do not teach," said an L.C.C. official to a press representative.

"Jewelry? We teach all about the polishing and cutting of stones, the ways of setting rings and brooches, and every aspect of the craft.

"Do you know that 25,000 Londoners study such subjects as psychology, astronomy and high-brow literature? London is an intellectually curious city, more so than anywhere else.

"Aeronautics? Well, we don't teach flying, but we study aero engines and their maintenance and repair, and also the building of aeroplane bodies.

"There are three kinds of schools in London—the trade schools, those for hobbies and those for the study of abstruse and cultural subjects. The trade schools endeavor to fit boys and girls for their right vocations.

"We work in conjunction with the trade unions and employers, and no girl and few boys who have learned a skilled trade at one of our schools are unemployed at present.

Life In Village Or Town

Conditions Are Very Often Better Than In Big City

We are sometimes tempted to wonder why it is that so many people either do not see, or will not see, the obvious advantages of village, or even of very small town life, especially in a period of scarcity and depression. Instead, they crowd into the large cities where thousands have crowded before them think, apparently, that if a living is to be found anywhere it will be in the great centres of population. Cheaper living—rental, food, fuel, and sometimes, also, certain types of clothing—are not the only advantages of village life. There are opportunities for turning the honest penny that do not exist in the city.

Keeps Thousands Busy

Large Number Employed In British Columbia Salmon Industry

The Department of Fisheries estimates that more than 20,000 people are this season engaged in the salmon industry of British Columbia. Of this number 13,000 are fishermen and about 8,000 work in the fish-canning plants.

In addition hundreds of employees are engaged by the can manufacturing companies to make the millions of cans required by the fishing industry. Up to the present time 40,000,000 pounds of salmon alone have been caught.

Request Superfluous

The conjurer's turn had not been going too well. The audience received each trick in stony silence.

Not to be daunted, however, he stuck steadily to his task.

"Ladies and gentlemen," he said, "if any person will oblige me with an egg, I will perform an amazing disappearing trick."

Nobody seemed able to produce the article, and after a momentary silence a voice called out from the gallery:

"If anybody 'ere 'ad an egg, you'd 'ave got it long ago."

Is Of Some Use

Spread of the miniature golf craze throughout the United States has been a great boon to the electric light companies through the use of approximately $2,000,000 worth of electricity each month, according to figures compiled.

Over-Production

A Peculiar Situation Wherein Want and Abundance Exist Side By Side

What's the matter with North America? Here the condition exists that multitudes are idle and hungry because there is over-production of foods and everything else. Want and abundance exist side by side. Want is, in fact, the consequence of abundance.

There is an immense supply of wheat, but many of those, abroad and at home, who need it cannot afford to buy it. Of manufactured goods more have been made than can be sold.

Some ascribe much of the trouble, in so far as Canada, at least, is concerned, to "depression," and they attribute the depression to loss of confidence. The stock market collapse left a large and enterprising section of the people limp and dispirited. Buying on the instalment plan has enabled all kinds of manufacturing to expand. People could buy almost anything by paying 10 per cent. down. The article so purchased was as effectually bought and sold as if it had been paid for in cash. The sales department of a factory sold; it was the job of the collections department to collect. There could, therefore, be 10 or 20 times the producing and selling that there would have been if the instalment plan of paying had not been introduced. It may be that this is where "depression" gets in its work. People who have lost confidence will not pay down 10 per cent. and obligate themselves to pay the other 90 per cent. at so much per month. And once the open-handed, confident, instalment plan buying ceases, over-production manifests itself instantly and piles up like the cars of a long railway train after the engine has collided with an immovable object.—Toronto Star.

Tip For Beekeepers

Combs Can Be Used Again After Honey Is Extracted

When a beekeeper lacks funds or is not in a position to purchase the normal number of supers and frames for his apiary, he may use the combs after the honey has been extracted from them. The honey should be taken from the combs as carefully as possible leaving only a thin film of honey still adhering to the insides of the cells. These wet combs should be returned to the colonies needing more room as soon as possible. Wet combs attract the worker bees and at once they will begin to store honey in them if the nectar flow is on. The jagged torn tops of the cells made by the uncapping knife will be gone over by the workers and soon made neat and even. At the end of the season supers of empty wet combs may be placed upon the colonies to be cleaned before storing them for winter.

A Big Service

The Department of Agriculture at Ottawa through its Publications Branch last year distributed to farmers all over Canada free of charge a total of 4,361,370 publications, bulletins, circulars and reports. In addition to this material 256 press articles and 198 magazine features were supplied. This is one of the ways in which the farmer is helped with his problems and kept in close touch with the condition of his markets and important new developments in agriculture.

Many Trees Distributed

The number of settlers visited last year, by the inspectors of tree plantations, was 13,012, of whom 1,524 were in Manitoba; 7,771 in Saskatchewan, and 3,717 in Alberta. The total number of trees distributed by the Forest Service, Department of the Interior, since the inauguration of the scheme, in 1901, is 110,763,-076; of these, 1,783,181 were conifers, and the remainder broad-leaved.

Honor Goes To Columbus

Even If Norsemen Reached America First As Reported

Plenty of people who aren't too certain about anything else are pretty sure that it was Columbus who discovered America, and some of them believe it was in 1492. It is going to be pretty hard on them if Capt. Donald Macmillan, American explorer just back from his fifteenth voyage north, is right in his opinion that the Norsemen anticipated Columbus by four hundred years. Capt. Macmillan says there are all sorts of traditions to that effect among the Esquimaux of the Labrador coast, and it is along that coast that he intends to do some prospecting himself in quest of traces of these Norse discoverers.

Heron of Alexandria undoubtedly came on the principle of the steam-engine more than two centuries before Christ, but he did nothing about it, and James Watt seems to deserve any credit accruing under that head. The Norsemen may have anticipated Columbus by four hundred years, but they did nothing to make it count. So there is really nothing in rocking Columbus' statue after all. If anybody ever finally demonstrates that the Norsemen were here first, it will simply be to make us ask what they did with the wonderful opportunity chance committed to their hands. — Edmonton Journal.

An Underground Garden

Flowers and Fruit Grown Quickly Under Ultra-Violet Ray Lamps

The King and Queen recently visited a cellar at Cumberland Lodge, Windsor Great Park, where Lord and Lady Fitzalan have a wonderful underground garden. By means of two ultra-violet ray lamps and a floor specially prepared with soil and fertilizers flowers and fruit are grown to perfection in a remarkably short space of time. Mr. Ferris, the head gardener, told the King and Queen who were amazed at the results obtained, that they had daffodils in flower in the second week in January and as many strawberries as they required by March 12. The cellar is kept at a moderate temperature, and the flowers and fruit are seldom given more than eight hours a day of the ultra-violet rays. It is stated that there are only two similar gardens in existence—one in Sussex, and the other in New York.

Some Horse Facts

Interesting Details Of the Cost Of Providing Feed For Animals

The report of the Dominion Animal Husbandman, Federal Department of Agriculture, furnishes the following interesting sidelights on horse costs:

It took an average of $157.05 to keep 18 work horses one year during which they consumed 101,034 pounds of oats, 5,796 pounds of bran, 105,678 pounds of hay, 10,800 pounds of carrots, and 180 pounds of salt.

With maintenance added to feed these 18 horses cost $286.32 each for the year.

It cost $29.69 to raise a filly foal the first year, and $48.45 the second.

Feeding five foals a period of nine months cost $29.22 each.

China Wants Leather Goods

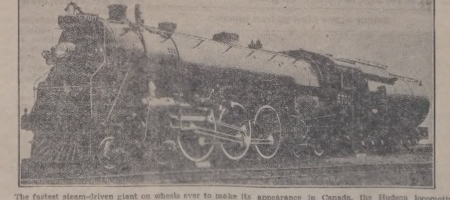
A demand for leather in China within the near future, which should open a market for Canadian manufacturers, has been reported to the Department of Trade and Commerce by L. M. Cosgrave, Canadian trade Commissioner at Shanghai. The disorderly condition of the country and the continued decrease in the price of silver has resulted in the denuding of the stocks of leather throughout the country and heavy replacements will soon be required. b

First Inventor: "What are you working on now?"

Second: "Perpetual motion."

First: "What's the matter with the instalment system?"

Fastest Steam-Driven Giant on Wheels



The fastest steam-driven giant on wheels ever to make its appearance in Canada, the Hudson locomotive, 5700, was released September 16, from the shops of the Montreal Locomotive Works, to haul the world's fastest train, "The International Limited," of the Canadian National System, from Montreal to Chicago. This is the first of a family of five. The remainder will be delivered within a month.

To keep to schedule, 5700 will sometimes have to travel at the rate of 80 miles an hour. Its driving wheels are 80 inches in diameter, the largest in Canada. The drivers of the monster 6100 are seven inches smaller in diameter.

From end to end, the new Hudson is 92 feet and three quarter inches long and weighs, engine and tender, more than 331 tons. The water and coal capacity of the tender is greater than that of any other locomotive on the system, twenty tons of coal will be carried and 14,000 imperial gallons of water. The boiler pressure is 275 pounds; the maximum tractive power, without the booster, 43,300 pounds; with the booster, another 10,000 pounds may be added.

Beauty has been added to speed and power in the 5700, and for the sake of appearance as well as these other essentials, this locomotive has many features. "Trimming up" has resulted in the elimination of the sand dome and the placing of the sand chamber inside the smoke box, and in the concealment of practically all piping, particularly that above the running board. The jacket is of polished steel, while the other parts of the locomotive and the tender are duco'd. Handrails are of stainless steel.

Pigs and Sunlight

Direct Rays Of Sun Is Necessary For Proper Development

Ellis Parker Butler knew a lot about pigs, but Dean A. M. Shaw, of the college of agriculture, of the University of Saskatchewan, knows more. He has found that porkers must have direct light from the sun and has written about experiments he conducted on the subject in the current issue of "Scientific Agriculture."

The experiments showed that light through window glass was insufficient. Light through a commercial glass supposed to offer no hindrance to ultra-violet rays wouldn't do either, Professor Shaw found. The pigs got rickets just as they did when kept in a darkened pen and yard.

Ricketty pigs, however, made a remarkable recovery and most of them became marketable animals when continued on the same rations as in the other experiments, but given ample direct sunlight, the Dean discovered.

Apart from development of rickets, pigs which received direct light also made much greater gains than others. The most satisfactory system of housing young, growing pigs, Dean Shaw points out in the article, is to provide them with comfortable sleeping quarters with open yards attached, to which they can have access at all times.

Experiments definitely showed that additional warmth gained by use of window glass, in place of openings, was not of value in comparison with the loss of direct sunlight. Pigs in open air pens, the Dean found, thrived in spite of 30 degrees below zero weather.

Fire Hazards

Common-Sense Precautions Taken Now May Guard Against Future Trouble

This is one of the best times in the year to check up on farm fire hazards, and the Dominion Animal Husbandman of the Federal Department of Agriculture calls attention to the following points:

Make sure chimneys are properly cleaned out.

Gasoline and liquid dynamite should be stored in a safe place where it will do no injury to buildings.

Cars and trucks should be housed for the winter in separate buildings as they are a real fire hazard.

Electric wiring should be carefully checked over to make sure it will pass inspection.

Keep smoking strictly away from farm buildings. The sparks from a pipe, cigar or cigarette may do a lot of damage. Be particularly careful where cigarette butts are concerned. No Smoking signs are at least constant reminders of the ever present danger.

Watch your hay mows. Spontaneous combustion of damp hay is no myth, and this source of fire is not always easy to detect.

Check up on your insurance, see that it is adequate and that the premiums are paid.

Have a good type of chemical extinguisher handy. These are not expensive and often serve to stop a fire at its outset.

Check up on your fire hazards before winter sets in.

Raspberry Diseases

New Government Publication Deals Fully With Important Subject

The Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, has just issued through its publications branch the third in a series of studies of fruit diseases being conducted under the direction of H. T. Gussow, the Dominion Botanist. The new publication is entitled "Diseases of Raspberries and Their Control."

Raspberry production is rapidly growing in economic importance throughout Canada. It is a crop which can be grown in every province of Canada, and one which at the present time occupies an estimated area of more than 2,500,000 acres.

Not only does the new publication deal with raspberry diseases, outlining their symptoms and methods for their control and eradication, but it also affords useful information with respect to the production of "certified raspberry stock," and the regulations by which any commercial grower can qualify for the production of stock of this kind. The publication will be found useful by every raspberry grower in Canada, and it may be obtained free of charge by writing to the Publications Branch of the Department at Ottawa.

Bumper Potato Crop

There is a record crop of potatoes in Canada this year. It will total, according to the latest official estimate, 66,500,000 bushels, or 45 per cent. more than in 1929. Potatoes are grown in commercial quantities in all the provinces of Canada. In the Maritime Provinces—Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Prince Edward Island—potato growing is an important industry and a large percentage of the crop is exported to the West Indies and the Eastern and Southern States.

Angry Guest: Are you the manager of this infernal place?

Hotel Manager: Yes sir.

"I have a very serious complaint."

"Heavens! Don't come near me — it might be catching!"

A garage fire in Brooklyn destroyed more than 100 autos. Many farmilies lost everything they had

Experiment Should Be Interesting

Northern Saskatchewan Schools Trying Experiment Which Has Real Value

An experiment in education is being made in certain high schools in Northern Saskatchewan that appears to have real value. It should be of interest to parents and the general public.

The experiment has to do with the need for some guidance for high school age boys and girls in relation to their future life task. Certain enterprising principals of high schools are setting out to recognize the opportunity of the high school in this matter and to meet a need that anyone who has to do with older boys and girls knows well does exist. One principal has outlined a scheme whereby local representatives of various trades and professions will speak on the profession to which they belong and indicate its opportunities and the way in which it can be entered. In this manner boys and girls will gain some idea of the work and promise for usefulness of the leading vocations and should be led to select a life task that will afford satisfaction in later years.

There can be no question of the confusion that often exists in the minds of bright boys and girls as to the best way in which to invest their talents and education. It appears to be a mistake for education to equip them for the future and then leave them in a quandary as to the best trade or profession to enter. Often it means a mere opportunism without any real relation to the fitness of the one concerned. This leads to casual employment and even to unemployment and tragedy. The unskilled worker is usually the first man to be discharged in hard times and also is usually the man with the least reserve to meet economic misfortune.

An innovation of this nature would seem to merit encouragement. Principals of secondary colleges, collegiates and high schools might consider what can be done in this regard.—Regina (Evening) Leader-Post.

Always Plenty To Do

Despite Many Electrical Appliances Housekeeper Is Kept Busy

Much has been said in recent years about the alleged destructive effect of labor-saving inventions on the old-fashioned home. By some persons whose knowledge of house-wives is limited those important members of society are supposed to have been relieved of the necessity of doing any physical work. Excessive feminine indulgence in amusements is assumed to be the sorry result.

Systematic inquiry shows a very different state of things. The Bureau of Home Economics in the U.S. Federal Department of Agriculture reports that in country districts and in cities of less than 50,000 population women work in their homes considerably over forty-two hours a week, while the average among thousands of women questioned is fifty-one hours a week.

Plainly, vacuum cleaners, electric washing machines, telephones, canned goods, delivery service and all the rest of the time-saving and labor-saving devices have not reduced the housewife to demoralizing idleness. She is not yet threatened with ennui. There is no great danger of her fiding too much leisure on her hands. Worry overy her mental and moral condition in her supposed state of freedom from toil is, to say the least, premature.

In the larger cities, perhaps, the average housewife puts in fewer hours a day than does her sister in suburbs and small towns. Further investigation is expected to throw light on this question. Meantime common sense and casual observation suffice to satisfy one not addicted to hasty generalizations that the housewife still has plenty to do in her home and even in the kitchen.

Increase In Florist Business

At the second annual meeting of the Medicine Hat Greenhouses, Limited, it was pointed out, in the directors' report, that while it would be reasonable to expect the flower business to be amongst the first to suffer in a period of financial depression, there had actually been an increase in the volume of sales by the company.

Millions of pounds of surplus powder, left over from the World War, have been converted into automobile lacquers.

It isn't what a man stands for, as much as what he falls for.



The balcony scene in "Romeo and Juliet," on the radio. — Lustige Sachse, Leipzig.

PLEASURE

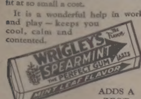
The tingling taste of fresh mint leaves is a real treat for your sweet tooth.

WRIGLEY'S

Affords people everywhere great comfort and long-lasting enjoyment.

Nothing else gives so much benefit at so small a cost.

It is a wonderful help in work and play — keeps you cool, calm and contented.



ADDS A ZEST

CK43

AFTER EVERY MEAL

THE DUSTY HIGHWAY

— BY —

CHRISTINE WHITING PARMENTER

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CHAPTER I.

When, after years of slavery to the whims of a hard old uncle, Nicholas Hastings went forth on his quest for freedom, he started tramp-wise, his belongings tied in a blue-checked handkerchief which he had bought for the occasion. For years he had foreseen this departure from the home of his fathers—the haughty farewell he should bestow upon an irate uncle—the tears of his gentle Aunt Nettie when he took her in his arms. But Fate frustrated those plans. His patient little aunt had been laid away in Elmwood Cemetery two months before; and only a week ago his uncle had followed her, as if, Nick thought with grim and sacrilegious humor, he was loath to let her enjoy a peaceful residence in her Heavenly Mansion.

So there were no farewells to say. Instead, Nick left by the back door (because he didn't want Selina Smith, the village gossip, to see his stick and handkerchief), and stood for a moment looking off at the familiar landscape.

He had always loved the view from this little porch. An orchard sloped gently to a green intervale, through which a sleepy river travelled to the sea. One wouldn't have dreamed that the house stood on a dusty thoroughfare. From here were visible only "green pastures and still waters." Nick could remember sitting here with his mother on summer evenings, and after his mother's death, with old Aunt Nettie. For a moment a wave of tenderness for the place swept over him; then youth flooded back with an intoxicating exhilaration. He slipped the door key into his pocket, and with no tinge of regret vaulted the stone wall and strode across the orchard, where, once beyond the eyes of curious neighbors, he would strike into the broad highway.

Free! No more toiling over ledgers in that stuffy corner of the First National Bank! No more horrible deceit when he got a raise, for fear his uncle would claim it for added board. No more stifling of natural impulses. How had he endured those years?

"I've been a slave," said Nick, pausing beneath an ancient apple tree, "but I'm a slave no longer. I can conquer the world!"

Then, because he knew he was behaving like a foolish little boy, he laughed at himself, and reaching up, picked a of spray apple blossom, breathing deeply of it.

"May!" he exclaimed. "May in New England — and I'm free! Gee! how I've longed for just this moment —longed to start out with no cares or responsibilities—without even a destination, and all my possessions in a blue bandanna! As Gay would say ——"

He stopped, suddenly, at an amazing thought. He had forgotten to say good-bye to Gay! What a cad he was —especially when she was alone in the world like himself. He might send her a postcard—but no, that wasn't fair. Gay had always sympathized with his dreams and encouraged him to believe they would come true, as they had. In these last busy days of settling affairs, he had—forgotten her.

"I'm an ungrateful scoundrel," he told himself; and though it meant retracing his steps, and the risk of passing Selina Smith's back windows, he faced about immediately, and was rewarded by the sight of a pink-clad figure bending above some budding jonquils. Nick whistled softly, and, starting up, the girl faced him.

"You're off—so soon?"

The color that pounded in her face might have come from her sudden change of attitude, or from emotion. Nick never saw it, so wrapt was he in his own affairs.

"I'm off," he echoed. "Did you suppose I'd stay here mourning my dear late uncle? Don't look so shocked, Gay. I needn't pretend to you, need I, that I'm bereaved?"

"I'm not shocked," the girl protested instantly, "only surprised. I've been thinking every day that you'd run in——"

"My dear, I've been deep in—packing."

He laughed, proudly displaying his handkerchief and stick.

The girl laughed too, and said: "Where are you going?"

"Where?" Nick looked at her reproachfully. "Have you shared my plans so sparingly all these years, Gay, that you ask that question? Where indeed! To the ends of the earth!"

He threw both arms wide, as if to embrace the universe, and Gay smiled: a wistful smile that caught at something in his heart which hitherto had remained untouched.

"I wish I were a man, Nick."

He answered, his eyes devouring her sweet girlishness: "You're pretty nice as you are. I don't think I'd want you changed, Gay; and I don't believe you would change, if you could."

She sank down on the grass beside the jonquils, and, as if he had forgotten his haste to be away, Nick sat beside her, his hands clasped round his knees.

"No," she said honestly, "I wouldn't change, of course; but it must be wonderful to start off as you are starting, Nick. Do you suppose I, too, don't long to go 'to the ends of the earth'? Do you imagine I like living here with Sadie Twichell, and sewing on other women's clothes in order to pay my board?"

Nick looked at her, his brows drawn into a frown.

"Do you know," he admitted, "I never thought of it. It's because you're a girl. Somehow one doesn't expect a girl to go a-gypsying, though why she shouldn't—Gay," he broke off suddenly, "what pigs men are!"

She laughed.

"One would hardly call you that, Nick, after the way you stuck by your Aunt Nettie."

"But I am," said Nick, still frowning. "I came to say good-bye to you," (his honesty made him want to reveal the fact that in selfishness he had almost forgotten the farewell, but his kind heart forbade the disclosure that he knew would hurt her), "I came to say good-bye, never thinking that you, too, might long to do what I am doing. I'm ashamed of myself, Gay. What must you think of me?"

"I think," she said, meeting his eyes soberly, "that you're getting just what you deserve—a good time. What do you think of me, to imagine for a moment that I don't rejoice with you? Nick, you're only a boy, and you've never had much fun. Why shouldn't you be a little thoughtless? I—I believe I'm glad you are!"

He stirred, a bit uneasily, while Gay added with an understanding smile: "I mustn't keep you. I know you're chafing at the bit."

She arose, leaning down to brush an imaginary something from her skirt; and as he got to his feet, she stretched out a friendly hand.

"Good-bye, Nick. The best of luck to you."

He took her hand, squeezed it hard, and lifting the stick and bundle, said, with a gaiety that was a little forced: "Well, I'm off. I'll drop you a postcard from California, or Alaska, or Timbuctoo, or wherever I happen to land. Good-bye, old friend."

He found it unaccountably difficult to meet her eyes, so didn't meet them. But he got away. He got as far as the stone wall that divided Miss Sadie's land from Selina Smith's. Then he turned, though even as he did so something warned him that it is dangerous to look back. He turned squarely about, his hand raised in a last salute.

Gay was standing just where he had left her, but it seemed to Nick that all the buoyancy of youth had dropped from her. She was leaning against the gnarled trunk of an old apple tree, with the jonquils at her feet and the pink, sweet blossoms all above. In her pink gown she should have looked the embodiment of spring; but in reality she drooped, like a flower plucked by some ruthless hand and left to die. Nick couldn't bear it. He tossed his stick and bundle, emblems of freedom, to the ground, and strode back; while Gay, pulling herself together, ran to meet him.

"Did you forget something?"

"Yes," said Nick. "I forgot the best friend a fellow ever had. Gay, listen. You'll think me crazy, but—why don't you come along?"

"With you?"

Her eyes widened at the amazing proposition.

"Why not? It would be bully. I ——"

Fortunately for Gay there was a rustic bench behind her. She sank down breathlessly, while Nick, with a cautious glance at the hedge that hid them from Selina Smith, took the place beside her.

"We could have the time of our lives," he urged. "I've always done things alone, but with you along——"

Gay found her tongue.

"I believe you are crazy," she said sternly. "What would people think? They'd say——"

"Oh, Lord!" Nick interrupted, with a characteristic grin, "I meant, of course, that we'd get married first."

"Get married!"

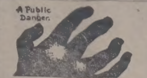
He laughed at her amazement.

"Why not? It's been done before. We're both of age, you know. Why shouldn't we?"

"But—you don't love me."

"Nonsense! I love you a lot. Always have. Of course, if I'd bore you ——"

(To Be Continued)



Caught Disease On the HANDS!

Skin disease threatens us every day. Invisible germs of blood-poison, eczema, etc., are waiting to infect the least cut or sore place. The money you use carries germs—you get them on the handles, rails and straps of the trains and street cars, and in a score of other ways.

Solely through Zam-buk, Mr. Henry C. Davis, of South 17th Street, Kansas City, U.S.A., has just escaped a virulent type of eczema, contracted, he suspects, through use of public towels.

"I had medical advice," he says, "tried in addition all sorts of so-called eczema remedies, without finding the hoped-for relief. Zam-buk treatment soon gave positive results. It took away the painful irritation and quickly purified and healed the deep troublesome sores."

Spirit Of the Age

Paris Sent Advertising Copy To New York Times By Airplane

The spirit of the age of advertising was brightly exemplified this week when the first airplane to cross the Atlantic from Paris brought among its cargo copy for six display advertisements which appeared in New York Times on the following morning. The matter made some 20 columns and each bore the legend: "The first advertisement to reach New York from Paris by airplane. Capt. Coste brought this advertisement."

Two were dress advertisements, one for two French resorts, one for Paris as a traveller's paradise, one for a hotel. One full page ran in French, with an English legend beneath. Another item in the cargo of the "Question Mark" was a dress model consigned to John Wanamaker, New York. The stunt was arranged by the Paris advertising staff of the Times. Surely newspaper advertising has taken wings. The enterprise of the French people, as shown in this incident rather puts to shame the efforts of some of our best advertisers who, by the way, know better than merchants of any other nation the true value of spirited, attention-compelling newspaper copy. They invented it.—Editor and Publisher, New York.

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment makes the finest blister known. Invaluable for stock. Leaves the hair roots in natural and healthy condition. Hair comes back. No scar remains.

Romans Had Furnace Heat

In a Roman house being excavated at Verulam, near St. Albans, England, has been found a hypocaust, a hollow under the floor, in which the heat of a furnace was accumulated for the warming of a house or a bathroom. Dr. and Mrs. Mortimer Wheeler are in charge of the excavations.

Testing Rain-Making Device

Tests of a new device for making imitation rain are being made in Central Africa, in Egypt, and in the West Indies. The machine is a huge sprinkler, and distributes water in such a way that it falls from a projection height of 200 feet in the form of a fine mist.

Russian export trade in chemicals is very active.

A Shaving Lotion

When mixed with sweet oil, Minard's serves as an after shaving lotion and antiseptic. Soothes and freshens the skin.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Discovered New Islands

One Inhabited Only By Birds Says British Captain

A "floating" island, inhabited only by birds, and another not visible two years ago, were discovered by Capt. J. O. Evans of the British steamer "Pareora" and his crew, according to a report made by Capt. Evans on his arrival in Hampton Roads.

His ship has just returned from a long cruise to the Society Islands, Friendly Islands, Solomon Island, and various other islands in the South Seas.

"It was on April 15 at noon that we discovered the 'floating island.' It was in the Pacific near the Society Islands," said Evans.

"There were no signs of human life, but there were great flocks of birds swarming over the place. There must have been a thousand birds at least in the flock we saw. We did not get close to the island because we did not know how deep the water might be.

"The island appeared to be only a few feet above the water. In some places it looked as if the water was breaking over its shore lines.

"We also sighted the Tonga of the Friendly Islands, which was entirely submerged two years ago. It is now 600 feet above the surface of the sea. There is no life on this island either, except birds. I presume if anybody wanted to live there they might be frightened for fear that the island might again be claimed by the sea, from which it came.

Horse Has Homing Instinct

Animal Swims Two Channels To Return To Old Home

A letter from ex-Alderman Percy Quinn, Toronto, from his summer home at Honey Harbor, Georgian Bay, relates a story of a horse who had the homing instinct so strong within him that he went through numerous obstacle to reach his first home.

He writes: "I think you know that I purchased a horse for my man, Fred Vessair, some few months back. This horse disappeared recently, and we hunted the entire island, without success. A few days later the man I purchased the horse from, Mr. Dupuis, conveyed the word to Fred Vessair, that his horse was back at Port Severn, in his stable. In order for the horse to do this, it had to swim two channels on two different islands, then on to the mainland and trot back a distance of about 12 miles. I have heard about birds and dogs accomplishing this feat, but never a horse."

A Wonderful Playground

Lakes and Wooded Land Make Northern Saskatchewan a Vast Park

North of the great fertile belt devoted to agriculture there lies in the province of Saskatchewan, a region of rocks, woods, and water which seems almost to have been formed by nature as a special playground for man. Here are found thousands of crystal lakes. White birch, jack pine, and white spruce grow here to unusual size and beauty. Pickerel, pike and gray trout are plentiful in the lakes and streams while moose, deer, bear and many species of game birds abound. A typical example of this region is Prince Albert National Park. It was set aside in 1928 and is an important addition to Canada's already fine system of national reservations.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Put up in small bottles that are easily portable and sold for a very small sum, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil possesses power in concentrated form. Its cheapness and the varied uses to which it can be put make it the poor man's friend. No dealer's stock is complete without it.

Hard Blow For Cupid

Silk Depression Is Restricting Weddings In Japanese Village

The drop in the price of raw silk in the United States has blighted several budding romances in the remote village of Higashi Yama, in northern Japan, where almost the entire population is engaged in the raising of silkworms. The village income has dropped to about one-half of what it was a few years ago.

The village elders at a meeting have just decided that, since marriage is one of the principal items of expense, the young men of Higashi Yama, will have to remain single until they reach the age of 25 years and the girls will have to put off marriage until they are 20.

Athletes recommend Minard's Liniment.

Feed Skim Milk

Feeding tests at the Cap Rouge Experimental Station of the Dominion Department of Agriculture show that it pays to feed laying hens skim-milk. Five years tests show that with a basal ration of grain meal, shell and vegetable feeds, hens fed skim-milk laid more eggs and gained more in weight than hens fed beef scraps. Incidentally the cost of skim-milk is just one-ninth that of beef scrap.

"Remember," said Mowls, "that riches have wings." "Well," replied Glinson, "the fact that a boiled chicken has wings doesn't prevent me from enjoying it!"

There are almost 600 different kinds of parrots.

Nearly 1,400 automobiles a month are being imported into Sweden.



A copy will be mailed free on request.

Look for this mark on every tin. It guarantees that Magic contains no alum or any other harmful ingredient.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

never varies

Its uniform leavening qualities give the same satisfactory results with every baking.

*3 out of every 4 Canadian housewives,** who bake at home, say *they* use it because it does give *consistent, better baking results.*

If you bake at home, the New Magic Cook Book will furnish you with dozens of attractive baking suggestions.

Try this Recipe for Muffins

1 tablespoon butter
2 tablespoons sugar
2 eggs
2½ cups flour
3 teaspoons Magic Baking Powder
½ teaspoon salt
1 cup sweet milk

Cream butter and sugar. Add eggs one by one, beat well. Sift dry ingredients together and add to first mixture alternately with milk. If batter not stiff enough, add a little more flour. Put in well-greased muffin pans and bake for 20 minutes in a quick oven.

**This fact was revealed in a recent Dominion-wide investigation.*

STANDARD BRANDS LIMITED
GILLETT PRODUCTS

Ancient Warship Discovered

Hull Armed With Heavy Iron Guns Found In Stockholm Canal

The hull of a 500-year-old Swedish warship, armed with heavy iron guns, recently discovered on the bottom of the Riddarholms Canal, in the heart of Stockholm, has been pumped dry and is being raised to the surface. Archeologists who have examined the relic believe it to be the oldest war vessel from the medieval period hitherto discovered. It is built of oak, low and slender in type, and seems to be a direct descendant of the Viking ships, which were among the swiftest and most seaworthy boats ever constructed. Close by the ancient guns have been found round cannon balls of stone, lead and iron, and some iron powder chambers for the breech-loading guns of that period. Several cone-shaped pieces of hollow wood also have been brought to light, partly loaded with small pieces of flint and stone, which may have been primitive case-shot projectiles for close range firing. Below the deck, which is partly broken down, other interesting objects belonging to the equipment of the ship have been found. The work of recovering the vessel is very difficult, but the hull itself is so well preserved that it may be possible to reconstruct the ship with its armament and rigging fairly complete.

Persian Balm—the ideal toilet requisite for every discerning woman. Perfect in results. Creates complexions of rare beauty and charm. Delightfully cool and refreshing. Never leaves a vestige of stickiness. A velvety smooth lotion toning and stimulating the skin. Making it truly rose-leaf in texture. All dainty women invariably choose Persian Balm. It imparts that subtle distinction so characteristic of the elegant woman.

Is Fond Of Music

Ramsay MacDonald Listens In On Radio Broadcast Programs

Ramsay MacDonald, Prime Minister of Britain, is a great lover of music.

Speaking at the jubilee of the Guildhall School of Music in London, England, Mr. MacDonald said he had enjoyed many Sunday afternoons listening to the broadcast of Bach's church cantatas from the school.

"I confess that whether I am at home in my quiet peaceful house in Hampstead or down at Chequers," the Prime Minister's official residence, he continued, "I make it a rule to issue an order—and I am not given to that very much—that there shall be no engagement, no interference, no business, but that my friends and I shall retire to a quiet corner and spend a very inspiring, comfortable, and peaceful half-hour listening to the broadcasts."

No Room For Argument

At an exhibition of paintings, recalls Sih John Ross, former Lord High Chancellor of Ireland (in his reminiscences, "Pilgrim's Scrip"), this conversation was overheard between two women who were looking at a picture, "The Dance of Salome":

"Now, what's that, Maria?" asked one.

Maria (glancing at catalogue): "Solomon dancing for Herod."

"But he never done it, Maria!"

Maria (tartly): "He musta done, else he couldn'ta been photographed."

Wealthy residents of the ill-fated city of Pompeii had houses consisting of as many as forty rooms.

Quick, Sure Relief

for BILIOUSNESS SLUGGISHNESS CONSTIPATION

Take one tonight Make tomorrow BRIGHT

Cascarets 10¢

"THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP"

After Thirty-Three Years

Bodies Of Arctic Explorers In Excellent State Of Preservation

The bodies of Salomon August Andree and his two companions, according to the dispatches, were in an excellent state of preservation when they were found on White Island in the Arctic Sea, although it has been thirty-three years since they disappeared. This curious refinement of cruelty in the frigid parts of the earth, to preserve for years the appearance of life even in death, has made its impression on the human imagination long before now.

We recall a short story many years ago about a couple who went to the Alps on their honeymoon. The man fell into a crevasse and the guides were unable to recover his body. The girl, frantic with grief, consulted scientists as to what she could do. They told her that the glacier moved a few inches a month; at the end of fifty years, perhaps, it would move far enough to make possible penetration of the crevasse. So for fifty years she waited. And at the end of that time the body was recovered, and she by now an old, decrepit woman, was permitted to look at the body of her husband. It was perfectly preserved, and she saw the handsome boy she had married fifty years before.

The Third Emigration

Russia Worried Over People Who Will Not Come Back

The Russian Government is considerably worried over what has been designated as the "third emigration." The first emigration was that of the Socialists and anarchists in czarist days. The second was that of the one or two million Russians who fled to all parts of the world from the bolshevist terror. The third is that of the "nonreturners," soviet citizens appointed to diplomatic or other posts abroad who refuse to go back home when so ordered. The penalty for such refusal is death and confiscation of goods.

The third emigration is a striking indication of the conditions of tyranny prevailing in Soviet Russia. When government officials, presumably selected for their special zeal in the cause, desert the ship of state in considerable numbers there is reason to believe that the soviet system ought to be confined to Russia.

New Folder Of Canada

"Canada" is the title of a new folder that has been issued by the Department of the Interior at Ottawa, which contains a concise summary of the country's natural resources, their potentialities and development. The folder also presents a very interesting map indicating natural resources and industrial areas in southern Canada, in addition to illustrations depicting commercial activity in the various provinces. A copy can be obtained from the National Development Bureau, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, Canada.

Has Warm Job

H. B. Stevens, chef of the Royal Scot express, has spent 20 years of his life in a space of eight yards long by two and one-half yards wide, with a temperature that is mostly around 150 degrees. His train kitchen is an ingenious affair. The whole of one side is taken up by stoves and tanks, and the other by collapsible tables on which food is prepared. Stevens and an assistant prepare meals for 200 in this tiny kitchen.

Calgary's Water Supply

Extensions and improvements to the waterworks system in Calgary, will give the city a supply of water sufficient to provide for a population of 200,000 or more than double the present population. The new extensions will cost around $4,000,000.

He—"If your father catches me eloping tonight I wonder what he'll say to your mother?"

She—"He'll probably say 'Sh-h'!"

Minard's Liniment for Chest Congestion.

Little Helps For This Week

"Blessed are they that keep my ways."—Proverbs viii. 32.

And oh! in my exceeding weakness,
Make Thy strength perfect; Thou art strong;
Aid me to do Thy will with meekness,
Thou, to whom all my powers belong.

If thou will but go on with thy duties, desiring to love—in such cases the desire of loving is love in His sight,—the irksome dullness and dryness is the thorn in thy flesh, the messenger of Satan to buffet thee. But fear not; God's grace is sufficient for thee; His strength will be made perfect in thy weakness. Only set yourself in earnest to obey His voice. Say to Him, night and day, "Behold the servant of the Lord! be it unto me according to Thy Word."

—John Keble.

When Japan Disarmed

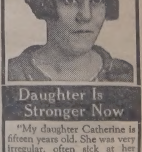
Voluntarily Scrapped Her Navy Three Hundred Years Ago

It is not generally known that the Japanese, whose delegates recently discussed naval disarmament at the London Conference, actually undertook of their own free will a complete scrapping of their navy three hundred years ago. At the time of the Spanish Armada Japan was a great naval power, and for some years she went on increasing the number of her ships. Great conquests were made, and had the expansion continued for a few years more Japan would have discovered Australia and have been the first nation to colonize it. But a great change came over affairs in the East. Spain and Portugal were sending their ships to that part of the world and were acquiring more and more territory. The Japanese saw that if they were defeated at sea the whole of their country might be taken from them. They therefore disarmed all their ships, and in 1636 passed the Act of Seclusion, which was in force for more thna two hundred years. This made Japan an absolutely closed country in which no foreigner could set foot. Japan ceased to make conquests, but she kept her own land intact.

Mother: "Why did you strike your little sister?"

Young Bobby: "Well, we were playing Adam and Eve, and instead of tempting me with the apple, she ate it herself."

"The airman is a snob," says a newspaper. Quite; he has his nose in the air.

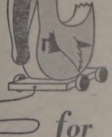


Daughter Is Stronger Now

"My daughter Catherine is fifteen years old. She was very irregular, often sick at her stomach and had to stay in bed two or three days at a time. One of your booklets was sent to us by mail so I got her a bottle of Vegetable Compound. Catherine has been taking it regularly and she is gaining in weight and every way. I told the neighbors and four other girls are taking it with good results."—Mrs. Clarence Jenkinson, Box 14, Thornloe, Ontario.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass., U. S. A. and Cobourg, Ontario, Canada



for ANY CHILD

We can never be sure just what makes a child restless, but the remedy can always be the same. Good old Castoria! There's comfort in every drop of this pure vegetable preparation, and not the slightest harm in its frequent use. As often as your child has a fretful spell, is feverish, or cries and can't sleep, let Castoria soothe and quiet him. Sometimes it's a touch of colic. Sometimes constipation. Or diarrhea—a condition that should always be checked without delay. Just keep Castoria handy, and give it promptly. Relief will follow very promptly; if it doesn't, you should call a physician.

Fletcher's CASTORIA



Leave us your next Order for

Printing

You do not have to send elsewhere, when you can get it just as neatly and cheaply at home.

Our Print Shop is ready always to meet your requirements in

Everything in the Job Printing Line

The Times Job Department

P. O. Box 280

The Proof is the Eating

Many a batch of bread has been spoiled by the flour not turning out just right.

Opportune Flour

Is Always Reliable

It is manufactured from wheat grown in your own district, and ground in your own town. Why pay more? Buy from us and you support home industry.

Custom Milling
BRAN and SHORTS
FOR SALE

McKAY & GATES
PROPRIETORS



Rush your order to "The Times" for an Advt. in these Classified columns when you have anything

For Sale, Lost, Rent, Wanted or Found

Willow Creek Coal

FOR WILLOW CREEK COAL
Phone 1909

Church Services

THE UNITED CHURCH
OF CANADA

Rev. Geo. A. Steele, B.A., Pastor
Manse: 3rd Ave. Phone 47

Services for September

Sunday School	.. ..	11 00 a.m.
Service of Worship	..	7.30 p.m.
Verdant Valley	.. ..	12.00 noon
Mecheche	.. ..	2.30 p.m.
Sentinel Hill		
October 12 & 26	..	4.00 p.m.

Special Harvest Thanksgiving Service
Rev. H. S. McDonald—"The Freedom of Truth." Music by the Choir

THE BAPTIST CHURCH

Rev. Dr. M. White, Pastor.

Services are held each Sunday as follows:—

Sunday School	..	11 a.m.
Morning Service	..	12 p.m.
Colter School	..	3 p.m.
Evening Service	..	7.30 p.m
TUESDAYS		
Senior B.Y.P.U.	..	7.30 p.m.
WEDNESDAYS		
Junior B.Y.P.U.	..	7.30 p.m.
Prayer Meeting	..	8.30 p.m.

Subjects—
Morning—"The Tabernacle"
Evening—"Almost persuaded"

The Lord's Supper is observed on the first Sunday of the month, after the morning service.

Local Grain Prices.

Wednesday, Oct. 1, 1930.

Wheat—	
No. 1 Northern	.53
No. 2 Northern..........	.51
No. 3 Northern	.48
No. 4....................	.44
No. 5	.41
No. 6	.31
Feed......................	.20
Oats—	
2 CW	.18
3 CW and Ex. 1 feed	.15
1 feed....................	.13
2 feed....................	10
Barley—	
No. 3	.16
No. 4	.12

NEW POOL PRICES
Became effective Aug. 26th, 1930

No. 1 Wheat	.41
No. 2 "	.38
No. 3 "	.33
No. 4 "	.29
No. 5 "	.23
No. 6 "	.13
Feed "	.06

D. L. Sloan
BARRISTER SOLICITOR
NOTARY PUBLIC
CRAIGMYLE, Alta.
Phone 7

Thanksgiving Supper
—AND—
Entertainment
Delia United Church
MONDAY, October 6th

ADMISSION:
50c., 35c. and 25c.

FOR SALE

Oat bundles, oats and barly. Will trade for good milk cows.
S. A. PETERSON,
40-42p Phone 712, Box 136, Delia.

FOR SALE

One Second-hand HECLA Furnace. No. 119. Apply,
39 40p NORTHSIDE GARAGE

The Delia Times
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
Jos. McKibbon,..Editor and Proprietor

Subscription rates $2.00 per annum payable in advance.

Classified Advertising, such as Lost, Stolen or Strayed, Articles Wanted or For Sale, &c., 50c. first insertion, 25c. each subsequent insertion, prepaid; if charged 25c extra will be added.

Municipal, Legal and Reader Advertisements 15c per line first insertion. 10c per line each subsequent insertion.

Display Advertising and Local ad. rates on application.

Changes of advertisement must reach this office not later than noon each Tuesday to insure insertion in the following issue.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1930

SPECIAL SESSION GIVES WIDE POWER TO NEW MINISTRY

The first session of Parliament with Mr Bennett as Prime Minister is over, and while there will not be unanimity of opinion as to the effectiveness of legislation passed in meeting the unemployment situation, there is agreement that Mr. Bennett carried out one of the pre-election promises in assembling Parliament in record time, and disposing of the business of the session in like manner.

Details of the expenditure of $20,000,000 voted for unemployment relief will only develop as appropriations are made during the next six months, though the general outline of the Government's intentions were made clear to the House. This measure, of course, was of an emergency character.

The substantial legislation looking to definite economic improvement was that affecting tariff schedules on key industries, and the alteration in regulations upon which dutiable values may be fixed. The latter places within the hands of the Government very radical powers. In effect the Ministry now possesses all the authority required to lower or raise duties by Order-in-Council. The tariff becomes a flexible instrument, instantly available to meet any conditions. Once before a similar power was taken by a Government in respect to natural products. This is now extended to cover manufactures, and will be applied, Mr. Bennett said, to "give Canadians an equal opportunity in their own country."

The most interesting phase of application of this flexible feature will be the effort to safeguard the rights of consumers. The Minister of National Revenue insists this will be done, but both Liberal and Progressive members doubted the possibility.

Mr. Bennett is now off to London and the Imperial and Economic Conferences, where economic developments which will be of transcendent importance to Canada may be expected.

Local and District

W. D. Fitzsimmons was a visitor by auto to Hanna last week.

• • •

J. J. Bradford shipped a carload of cattle from Dorothy on Tuesday.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. McKay were visitors in Calgary by auto on Sunday, and returned Monday.

• • •

Rev. G. A. Steele will exchange with Rev. H. S. McDonald on Sunday next.

• • •

You will be welcomed at the Baptist Church, either at 12 noon or 7 30 p.m on Sunday.

• • •

Jim Clark is at present assisting R. A. Stewart in getting his feed mill into operation, at Innisfail, Alberta.

• • •

The Service at Hand Hill School for October 5, will be withdrawn, and service at Mecheche will be at 2;30 p.m.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Newcombe, of Delia, spent a couple of days with Mr. and Mrs. Minett last week.—Youngstown Plaindealer.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Richardson, and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Leckie visited with the latter's daughter and son-in-law, Mr and Mrs. Bert Holland, the beginning of this week.

• • •

Dr. Crawford, formerly of Craigmyle, who left about a year ago to take up residence at the Coast, has returned and taken up practice at Youngstown.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Thayer, formerly of Delia, who left here some time ago for Scollard, where Mr. Thayer was relieving the C.N.R. agent, have now moved to Haynes, to relieve at the latter point.

• • •

The winners of the essay competition on "Noxious Weeds, and their Control," conducted by the Municipal District of Lambton for school children, will be published in an early issue.

• • •

A car accident occurred on the road near Craigmyle last Sunday, when two young people driving a Ford car, while racing another car, ran into the ditch and turned over two or three times. Fortunately no one was very seriously hurt. All the occupants of the cars are said to live in the Craigmyle district.

• • •

Since the cold snap and inclement weather of last week, delaying threshing operations, it has now become much milder, with clear skies and bright sunshine, forecasting what is known as Indian summer. It is reported some crops in the Hand Hills district will run about 20 bushels to the acre.

• • •

The delegates appointed as representatives at the meeting held in the Town Hall recently, attended the convention held in Hanna last week, which owing to the state of the roads had been postponed until Saturday. The Town Clerk has now received a letter from the Premier, acknowledging the resolutions, and saying he would keep the matter before him.

• • •

Remember the Harvest Thanksgiving Service Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock in the United Church. Rev H. S. McDonald, of Munson will be the special preacher. His subject is—"The Freedom of Truth". Special selections will be given by the choir. A good time is in store for all. After the supper on Monday evening Mr. McDonald will give a lecture on—"The University of Hard Knocks". This will be supplemented by other items. Good things for the body and the soul will be provided.

• • •

The local U F.W.A. held its regular monthly meeting in the Rest Room on last Thursday afternoon Mrs. G. E. Hewson, president, occupied the chair. After the usual routine business was dispatched with, Mrs. W. R. Moore and Mrs. Geo. Hoover gave interesting papers on "Health", and "Food Values". These papers were greatly enjoyed, and should prove of value. The little Simpson sisters sang in their usual good style. Arrangements were completed for holding a sale of home baking and produce on Oct. 11th in aid of the Rest Room. Mesdames L. Dunfield and H. Moore served refreshments.

—oo—

The United Kingdom takes about half the world's total production of tea.

Fascinating Links in Canada's History

Although the Dominion Archives at Ottawa do not collect either coins or stamps, they have quite a large collection of very interesting medals on view in the public room. In this large glass case is a collection of three medals, presented to the Archives by J. A. Mullens of London, England, as being of particular interest to Canadians. These decorations all belonged to Sergeant Arthur Herbert Lindsey Richardson, V.C., the first Canadian to receive the Victoria Cross.

The Victoria Cross occupies the central position in this frame, and to one who has never before seen the famous V.C. it is most inspiring. It is a maltese cross of bronze, made from captured enemy guns, and is about an inch and a half square. It has the lion and the crown stamped on it, and a scroll with "For Valour," engraved. It is hung on a wide purple ribbon. This cross was awarded to Sergeant Richardson for action at Wolve Spruit, South Africa, on July 5th. 1900.

The second medal is a service medal for the South African War, 1899-1901. It is a silver medal of nearly two inches in diameter suspended on a yellow, blue and orange ribbon, with three silver service bars across it. Each of these bars is for some particular engagement, and the possible number is over twenty. Lord Roberts is the only one who ever received the medal with all the service bars, and it was presented to him only through courtesy.

The other of these medals is one presented to Sergeant Richardson to show that he was present at the coronation of King Edward and Queen Alexanadra in 1902. It is about an inch in diameter, and is of bronze with the bust of the King and Queen stamped on it. A red, white and blue ribbon is attached.

Anyone glancing at these medals quickly will not likely be at all impressed with them, but if you will allow yourself to think for a few moments of the man to whom these belonged, of the many experiences that he must have had to be awarded each of these, and of the pride which those dear to him must have felt when he received each of these in turn, a most fascinating story may be told.

—oo—

Employment Hurt By Small Movement of Canadian Grain

Ottawa, Sept. 30—It is estimated that about 1,000 Great Lake sailors, and an undetermined number of elevator employees, are out of work this season through the failure to market the Canadian wheat crop. About 25 Great Lake boats and 20 canal vessels owned by Canadian interests, have remained tied up this season for lack of wheat cargoes. Quite a number of men are getting only part-time payment and employment, as in the case of many other activities. This is due to the fact that crews are laid off on each trip from Port Colborne to Montreal, because of inability to secure elevator space to discharge the cargo there, the delay sometimes amounting to fifteen days.

—oo—

Huge New Barges Hold 116,000 Bushels

Navigation on the Welland Canal this year began on April 21st and marked the bringing into use of the greater part of the new ship canal.

The total cargo carried on the canal from the opening date to June 30 was 1,703,504 metric tons, as against 1,835,237 tons during the same period of last year, a decrease of 0.72 per cent.

Of the foregoing, pulpwood was 39,161 tons lighter in 1929 than in 1928; soft coal, 32,563 tons; sand, 62,408 tons; wheat, 196,903 tons; and rye 97,421 tons. Barley, however, was some 50,603 tons heavier; corn 11,039 tons, and coke 16,208 tons.

A new type of barge has been put into operation on the canal between Port Colborne and Montreal. These barges have a length of 260 feet, a depth of 17 feet, and a beam of 43 feet. Their draft is about 14 feet when loaded, and their carrying capacity is 116,000 bushels of grain.

In the first of the world's series baseball games, played between St. Louis and Philadelphia at Philadelphia yesterday (Wednesday), the score resulted in 5—2, in favor of Philadelphia.

Health Service of the Canadian Medical Association

EYES

Good vision is priceless. There is nothing that could be offered to us which would tempt us in exchange for our eyes.

Because we can see we take it for granted that we will always have good eyesight, and we go ahead abusing our eyes in a most careless manner. Our eyes cannot be replaced; they have to last us through out life. If we continue to abuse them, they are almost sure to be worn out at an age when we still need them.

Any person who has difficulty in seeing, who has frequent headaches, whose eyes become tired or who has spots dancing before the eyes should have his eyes examined.

The reason for having the eyes examined is to find out whether or not there is an abnormal condition which requires treatment. Proper treatment will relieve the symptoms. but, more important than relief of symptoms, is the prevention of further damage.

Faulty vision is common. Vision defects should be corrected by glasses prescribed after a thorough examination.

We should always read and work in a good light. The light should be steady and should fall so that our bodies do not cast a shadow on what we are doing.

The eyes should be protected from infection. Fingers must be kept away from the eyes as they are very apt to carry infection into them. Every person should have his own towel, this even among members of the same family. The roller towel and the common towel spread infection, and if such a towel is used in drying the face, there is a real danger of carrying the infection from the towel into the eyes.

If some foreign substance gets into the eye, it should be removed by a trained person. The eye is too precious to take chances on it being injured by unskilled attention, to say nothing of the possibilty of its being infected at the same time.

The eyes are part of the body and it should therefore not be forgotten that they are affected by the general health of other parts. Good health which is secured through proper diet, rest, exercise, fresh air and elimination will be reflected in all parts of the body.

The eyes are priceless, take the best possible care of them.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by letter.

Greece May Require More Canadian Wheat

Ottawa, Sept. 29.—Greece this year may have to import more wheat. Though a larger area was sown to wheat in that country, the heavy rainfalls and hailstorms in several of the agricultural regions seem to indicate that the yield of wheat may be further reduced and imports correspondingly increased. In 1929 Greece imported 233,710 meteric tons of wheat from the United States, and 169,261 from Canada. The report further states that the development of sales of Canadian wheat in Greece is intimately related with the question of price as compared with competitors, especially with the United States, and also in some measure with a more active propaganda and closer contact between the Dominion's exporters and importers in this field.

One Good Recipe Makes a Cook Famous

It is the ambition of every housewife to cook the older fowl in such a way that it is tender and tasty, and here is a recipe that comes to us from abroad:

Take a 5 or 6 pound hen, 1 bunch of parsley, salt, pepper, flour, and fat from the chicken. Cut up the chicken into small pieces, roll in flour seasoned with salt and pepper. Have chicken fat tried out in a deep pan, put in fowl and cook to a golden brown. Added, parsley chopped, wilting it in the hot fat. Pour in enought hot water to cover fowl, cover closely and simmer gently for several hour; add more water as needed, usually boiling water. When the fowl is soft remove to a warm platter, or if you have one, a casserole, and thicken gravy slightly. Pour over chicken and serve garnished with toast and a little green pepper. This serves eight, and costs about $1 90, and makes a lovely company dish.

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DEEDS AND INTENTIONS

The smallest good deed is better than the grandest good intention.—Duguet.

Town Planning in Alberta

[Being a series of short articles explanatory of the provisions of The Alberta Town-Planning Act and Regulation thereunder].

By HORACE L. SEYMOUR,
(Provincial Director of Town Planning)

Article 5
Maintaining the Scenic Advantages of Alberta Highways
SIGN BOARDS

Regulations prepared by the Provincial Town and Rural Planning Advisory Board, and now made effective by order in council, should not only directly benefit the rural areas of the Province, especially in years to come, but will be appreciated by city and town dwellers and by the ever-increasing number of tourists.

We read of the struggles to maintain scenic attractiveness on the highways in many of the states in the country to the south of us, which, a century ahead of Canada in population, has been for several decades conscious of the signboard menace. In Canada we have been more fortunate, and before population becomes too great or development too intense, several Provinces are already operating under regulations in regard to outdoor advertising.

The Alberta Regulations (applying only to outside cities, towns, and villages) with exceptions for official highway signs, or directional signs are to the effect that:

"Signs shall be erected only within two miles of any city or town; shall not be closer than 500 feet to each other; shall not be erected closer than 500 feet to road intersections or railway crossings; and shall not be erected closer to the centre line of the highway than one hundred and sixty feet. Even where otherwise permitted in such limited zones, signs must be omitted that in any way might constitute a traffic hazard, obstruct desirable views, or are objectionable to residents.

"Every sign is to bear a label showing the name of the owner or person responsible, and must be licensed for the calendar year on application to the Director of Town Planning, Parliament Buildings, Edmonton.

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British Migration to U.S. Lower

Washington.—The Immigration Department here states that Great Britain and Ireland are the only two Euopean countries failing to exhaust their quota of immigrants to the States

The British quota lacked 509 from being full. This included Northern Ireland. Several other countries like Afghanistan, Andorra, Bhutan, The Cameroons, Nuscat, Nepal, New Guinea, Ruanda and Samoa failed to send any immigrants at all. These countries are allowed a nominal quota of 100, but seldom send any immigrants.

New Steamship for Pacific Coast Services Leaves England

Commanded by Captain S. F. Cameron, the Canadian National Steamship "Prince Robert", recently completed in England for service on the Pacific Coast, sailed September 17th from Birkenhead. The "Prince Robert" will take her place in the company's Tri-City service from Vancouver to Victoria and Seattle.

The ship will sail direct to Halifax and will lay up in Nova Scotia port for several weeks, after which she will assume schedule.

In size and appearance the "Prince Robert" is, similar to the "Prince Henry" and the "Prince David", now well established along the Pacific Coast.

C.G.I.T.

The opening meeting of the Delia C.G.I.T. was held in the United Church on Saturday afternoon, from 2 to 3:30 p.m. There were 18 girls present. The following officers were elected:—President, Thelma Dawson; Vice-president, Bessie Thompson; Secretary, Elsie Meyer; Treasurer, Evelyn Rowe; Press reporter, Evelyn Walker. It was voted unanimously that 10c be the fee for each member. Committees were chosen for the various activities. We then discussed the project of our activities for the coming months. It was decided that the girls would learn to make organdie novelties.

Miss Dawson, our leader, read a very appropriate story on girls' work, and we closed the meeting by singing a hymn and saying the C.G.I.T. pledge.

Report of Cream Prices

For the week ending Sept 20th, 1930, the following prices were reported paid by creameries per pound of butterfat in the several grades of cream, and at the points shown:—

	Special Grade	Num. One	Num. Two	Off Grade
	c.	c.	c.	c.
Strathmore......	26	22		
Youngstown......	26	24	21	
Coronation	26	24	21	
Cochrane........	"	"	"	16
Hanna...........	"	"	"	
Athabasca......	"	"	"	
Edberg....	"	"	"	
Spondon....	"	"	"	
Swifts, Edmon...	27	25	22	
Swifts, Calgary..	"	"	"	17
Jasper Dairy Edmonton......	30	28		
All others	25	23	20	15

Forest Fire Losses Reported Smaller

Ottawa, Sept. 30.—Modern fire equipment, improved roads and efficient organization kept down fire losses in the national forests this year, according to a report just issued.

Lightning fires put many units to severe tests for several weeks. Greater success in "getting fires young" has characterised this year's operations, resulting in a great proportion of the fires being put out before they had covered much ground. Protection costs have been about the normal figure. The aeroplane was a great help in discovering young fires, and often rushed the fire rangers to the scene before much damage had been done.

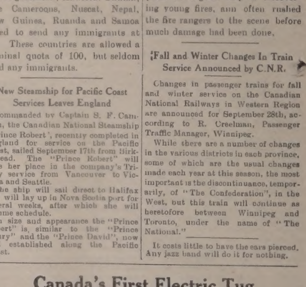
Fall and Winter Changes In Train Service Announced by C.N.R.

Changes in passenger trains for fall and winter service on the Canadian National Railways in Western Region are announced for September 28th, according to R. Creelman, Passenger Traffic Manager, Winnipeg.

While there are a number of changes in the various districts in each province, some of which are the usual changes made each year at this season, the most important is the discontinuance, temporarily, of "The Confederation", in the West, but this train will continue as heretofore between Winnipeg and Toronto, under the name of "The National."

It costs little to have the ears pierced. Any jazz band will do it for nothing.

Canada's First Electric Tug



The first electrically-driven tug to be built in Canada was launched at Lauzon, Que., recently, when the "Prescotont", Diesel-electric tug for the Canadian Pacific Car and Passenger Transfer Company's service between Prescott, Ont., and Ogdensburg, N.Y., slipped gracefully into the waters of the St. Lawrence after the traditional bottle of champagne had been broken across her bows by Mrs. Duff, wife of M. McD. Duff, manager of the Canadian Pacific Great Lakes Steamship Service. As a pioneer feature in Canadian shipping, the Diesel-electric engines with which the new vessel is equipped, are of special interest to marine engineers. Each of 500 H.P., they are directly connected to twin generators capable of delivering 330 kilowatts, each at 250 volts, when operated at 245 revolutions per minute.

In operation, a car barge with three tracks for 16 hundred-ton cars, will be lashed to the starboard counter of the tug which it will be possible to control either from its own wheel-house or from the bridge of the car barge.